



*Réponse d'urgence et
appui à l'amélioration de
la résilience des
populations vulnérables
dans les zones à risque
du Burkina Faso*



PROJECT CODE
OSRO/BKF/801/SWE



RESOURCE PARTNER
Sweden

CONTRIBUTION
USD 23 836 935



IMPLEMENTATION
1/06/2018–31/12/2022



TARGET AREA
Centre North, North and Sahel
regions



BENEFICIARIES
34 200 households (239 400 people),
most of whom have benefited from
multiple types of assistance



KEY PARTNERS
Ministries of Agriculture, Animal and
Fisheries Resources, Environment
and Humanitarian Affairs;
decentralized services of the
ministries; and non-governmental
organizations



Objective

To contribute to improving the food security and nutrition, and strengthen the resilience of vulnerable agro/pastoral households against climate and economic shocks.

Activities implemented

- Provided unconditional cash transfers to 32 672 households, including 11 377 displaced and 21 295 host families, disbursing a total of over XOF 3.6 billion (USD 6 million).
- Provided additional unconditional cash transfers for a total of over XOF 485 million (USD 802 000) to 7 337 households (including 1 528 new households) only days after a security incident thanks to the repositioning of cash at a financial service provider.
- Provided 1 900 households in the Sahel region with 665 tonnes of animal feed and veterinary supplies (vaccines and deworming).
- Engaged 11 509 households in cash-for-work activities disbursing over XOF 745 million (over USD 1.2 million) for the rehabilitation of agricultural infrastructure.
- Provided 2 000 mothers with XOF 80 million (USD 132 000) in unconditional cash transfers to cover the nutritional needs of their children, who also benefited from training on food hygiene and cooking with nutritious locally available ingredients.
- Carried four rapid livelihoods assessments triggering the provision of the emergency unconditional cash transfers and animal feed to displaced households.
- Distributed 7 500 small ruminants, 112 pigs and 176 poultry to 2 572 households, along with 112 tonnes feed; veterinary supplies were also provided to the technical services for the vaccination of 4 948 animals distributed against pasteurellosis and peste des petits ruminants.
- Provided 12 177 households with nearly 1 540 tonnes of animal feed (average of 126 kg per household).



- Distributed 646 tonnes of feed to set up 18 animal feed banks.
- Vaccinated and dewormed 28 500 cattle and 55 000 small ruminants.
- Provided 1 920 households with 13 788 kg of fodder seeds and 96 650 kg of fertilizers.
- Provided 4 000 households with 13 481 equipment for mowing and fodder conservation along with training.
- Provided 350 households with 1 050 fattened sheep along with training, material for the construction of sheds, feed and veterinary supplies.
- Provided 12 150 households with 69 447 kg of cowpea seeds, 13 950 kg of millet and sorghum seeds, 713 tonnes of fertilizers and 7 710 storage bags.
- Provided 8 728 households with 279 560 kg of rice seeds and 344 800 kg of fertilizers, along with 67 motorized equipment (motorpumps, seeders, etc.) for improved production.
- Provided 10 264 households with 1 560 kg of vegetable seeds along with 562 500 kg of fertilizers and 8 800 watering cans.
- Provided 3 000 households with 60 000 sweet potato cuttings.
- Restored nine vegetable production sites benefiting 450 households.
- Built four boulis (deepend ponds) to sustainably increase the productive capacities of agropastoral households.
- Trained 148 people for improved management of the agricultural sites rehabilitated under the project.
- Put in place 64 Dimitra clubs and trained 36 staff from implementing partners on the Dimitra club approach, how they work, how to organize them, etc.
- Produced training material, carried out nutrition education sessions and sensitized households, including through radio broadcasts in local languages, on good nutrition practices and food hygiene.

Results

- Enabled households to cover their most immediate needs during the lean seasons and safeguard their productive assets thanks to the unconditional cash transferred.
- Contributed to improved availability of and access to food for beneficiary communities thanks to the implementation of cash for work. For example, 261 ha of market-gardening areas were rehabilitated enabling over 1 300 households to produce more than 10 000 tonnes of fresh vegetables, one-third of which was consumed and the rest was sold, valued at an estimated XOF 2 billion (USD 3 million); the rehabilitation of 105 ha of lowlands enabled households to produce more than 420 tonnes of paddy rice each year valued at XOF 150 million (USD 249 057); and the rehabilitation of 35 boulis enabled the collection of more than 350 000 m³ of water following each rainy season for the establishment of off-season crops and the watering of livestock, among other results.
- Increased availability of and access to feed thanks to the 18 animal feed banks established, covering the needs of 2 500 small ruminants distributed for 17 months (equivalent to three pastoral lean seasons).
- Enhanced social cohesion between displaced and host communities by engaging them in common livelihoods activities, including to prevent any tensions around the rehabilitated sites thanks to the Dimitra clubs put in place.



- Contributed to households' improved nutrition, especially of children, thanks to the cash assistance provided to mothers as well as nutrition education.
- Contributed to safeguarding the livelihoods of vulnerable households, preventing them from adopting negative coping mechanisms and ensuring their access to at least two meals a day thanks to the cash assistance provided.
- Contributed to improved animal health and protection of pastoralists' productive assets thanks to livestock restocking and veterinary supplies provided.
- Enabled households to cultivate 950 ha of land and produce 3 200 tonnes of fodder, enough to cover the feed needs of 385 400 small ruminants or 5 330 cattle for three months.
- Enabled households to set up income-generating activities thanks to the provision of fattened sheep and other inputs; after 3-6 months each household can sell two sheep for XOF 150 000 (USD 250).
- Enabled households to produce 4 167 tonnes of cowpea, 1 397 tonnes of sorghum, 420 tonnes of paddy rice, 6 560 tonnes of onion, 39 000 tonnes of tomatoes and 135 tonnes of sweet potatoes.
- Enabled households to engage in vegetable production activities year-round thanks to the rehabilitation of land.

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