



Forestry Department

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

**GLOBAL FOREST RESOURCES
ASSESSMENT**

COUNTRY REPORTS

ANDORRA

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The Forest Resources Assessment Programme

Sustainably managed forests have multiple environmental and socio-economic functions important at the global, national and local scales, and play a vital part in sustainable development. Reliable and up-to-date information on the state of forest resources - not only on area and area change, but also on such variables as growing stock, wood and non-wood products, carbon, protected areas, use of forests for recreation and other services, biological diversity and forests' contribution to national economies - is crucial to support decision-making for policies and programmes in forestry and sustainable development at all levels.

FAO, at the request of its member countries, regularly monitors the world's forests and their management and uses through the Forest Resources Assessment Programme. This country report forms part of the Global Forest Resources Assessment 2005 (FRA 2005), which is the most comprehensive assessment to date. More than 800 people have been involved, including 172 national correspondents and their colleagues, an Advisory Group, international experts, FAO staff, consultants and volunteers. Information has been collated from 229 countries and territories for three points in time: 1990, 2000 and 2005.

The reporting framework for FRA 2005 is based on the thematic elements of sustainable forest management acknowledged in intergovernmental forest-related fora and includes more than 40 variables related to the extent, condition, uses and values of forest resources. More information on the FRA 2005 process and the results - including all the country reports - is available on the FRA 2005 Web site (www.fao.org/forestry/fra2005).

The Global Forest Resources Assessment process is coordinated by the Forestry Department at FAO headquarters in Rome. The contact person for matters related to FRA 2005 is:

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The Global Forest Resources Assessment 2005 Country Report Series is designed to document and make available the information forming the basis for the FRA 2005 reports. The Country Reports have been compiled by officially nominated country correspondents in collaboration with FAO staff. Prior to finalisation, these reports were subject to validation by forestry authorities in the respective countries.

Report preparation and contact persons

No report has been received from the country.

This report is the result of a desk study prepared by the FRA 2005 secretariat in Rome, which summarizes existing available information.

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1 Table T1 – Extent of Forest and Other wooded land

1.1 FRA 2005 Categories and definitions

Category	Definition
Forest	Land spanning more than 0.5 hectares with trees higher than 5 meters and a canopy cover of more than 10 percent, or trees able to reach these thresholds <i>in situ</i> . It does not include land that is predominantly under agricultural or urban land use.
Other wooded land	Land not classified as “Forest”, spanning more than 0.5 hectares; with trees higher than 5 meters and a canopy cover of 5-10 percent, or trees able to reach these thresholds <i>in situ</i> ; or with a combined cover of shrubs, bushes and trees above 10 percent. It does not include land that is predominantly under agricultural or urban land use.
Other land	All land that is not classified as “Forest” or “Other wooded land”.
Other land with tree cover (Subordinated to “Other land”)	Land classified as “Other land”, spanning more than 0.5 hectares with a canopy cover of more than 10 percent of trees able to reach a height of 5 meters at maturity.
Inland water bodies	Inland water bodies generally include major rivers, lakes and water reservoirs.

Reference to sources of information	Quality (H/M/L)	Variable(s)	Year(s)	Additional comments
Ministeri de Medi Ambient i Turisme Departament de Medi Ambient. 1997. <i>Mapa forestal del Principat d'Andorra</i> . 53 p. + Mapa (Escala 1:25.000).		Forest cover	1990, 2000, 2005	Reference as listed in FAO country profile
Dalmau I Ausàs J., Mariné I Bellido R. 1997. <i>Estudi de la diversitat ornítica dels boscos andorrans</i> . Informe tècnic encarregat pel Ministeri de Medi Ambient i Turisme del M. I. Govern d'Andorra. 72 p.		Forest cover	1990, 2000, 2005	Reference as listed in FAO country profile
FAOSTAT	H	Total land area, Inland water bodies	1990, 2000, 2005	

1.2 Original data

Thirty-five percent of the country is covered by forest, mostly alpine and subalpine, although forests are also found around valleys, forming a green belt around the valley bottom and stretching up to over 2 000 m.

1.3 Data for National reporting table T1

FRA 2005 Categories	Area (1000 hectares)		
	1990	2000	Forecast 2005
Forest	16	16	16
Other wooded land	NDA	NDA	NDA
Other land	29	29	29
...of which with tree cover ¹⁾	NDA	NDA	NDA
Inland water bodies	0	0	0
TOTAL	45	45	45

1) Area of “Other land with tree cover” is included in the area reported under “Other land” and should therefore be excluded when calculating the total area for the country.

1.4 Comments to National reporting table T1

The Other land area was found by subtracting the Forest area from total land area.