

Follow-up Report on OSRO/INS/512/SPA

Format for Reporting on Follow-up Action			
Recommendations	Action Agreed	Action Taken?	Comment/explanation
1. Future projects in the Province should aim at long-term development following the principle of integrated coastal zone management, to "build back better". Beneficiary identification is a time-consuming and potentially disruptive process. But that has been done and done well. Where possible the assistance should be targeted to communities rather than specific individuals. In the unavoidable event of a replication rehabilitation project covering different districts, the criteria for beneficiary selection should form part of the project formulation process. Selection criteria should be established and agreed upon at an early stage by all stakeholders including the recipients themselves.	None		No action proposed
2. Aquaculture and post harvest expertise among fisheries staff in Aceh remains inadequate to support extension. The fisheries administration is chronically short of staff and will depend heavily on donors. The situation is unlikely to change in the foreseeable future. Follow-up projects should include capacity building in local governments and focus on improving the technical know-how of small scale aquaculturists and processors whereby training is offered at a level accessible to an audience with little formal schooling. In small scale sectors there may be little perception of the need for improvement. Training should initially be in the form of guidelines and be sensitive to traditions and expectations. Linkages should be established with the private sector to provide inputs to small scale farmers through such arrangements as contract farming.	Training to fisheries staff under ARC. Training plan developed.	<p>Yes</p> <p>Currently the issue of capacity building and training of provincial and district fisheries authorities and extension workers is being addressed under OSRO/INS/601/ARC (American Red Cross funded project) and includes improvement of technical know-how of small-scale aquaculturalists and processors. In fact the ARC project In fact the ARC project team will soon move to the DKP (Government Provincial Fisheries department) office and this will further reinforce support and integration with national partners and enhance capacity building.</p> <p>Under the ARC project, Aquaculture Best Management Practices -BMP manuals (translated in Bahasa Indonesian) have been widely shared, including within the private sector. BMP videos in the local language (acehnese) are being shown at village level and are proving a great success.</p> <p>Personal training plans have been developed and tracked for each trainee. These plans have a three 3 year duration, ending in June 2010.</p> <p>Moreover, capacity building and training needs assessed and implemented for various stakeholders including fisheries authorities, fish farmer leaders, Panglima Laot, community motivators, traders, etc. under the ARC project.</p>	
3. Training materials should be developed and aimed at people with limited schooling in the fields of fresh fish handling and processing. This should include	Training materials have been developed for post-harvest handling under a	<p>Yes</p> <p>Training materials have been developed for post-harvest handling under a complementary project OSRO/INS/507/NOR in local language (Bahasa) and</p>	

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hygiene and sanitation at landing centers, wholesale and retail markets.	complementary project	<p>provided to the beneficiaries and other stakeholders in an easy to understand format. A number of manuals in aquaculture have also been developed with funding from other complementary projects. These include: 1) 15 Steps for Aquaculture Farm Rehabilitation in Aceh, Indonesia 2) Better Management Practices for Tambak Farming in Aceh. Further capacity building in aquaculture and post-harvest fish handling is being pursued under the American Red Cross project.</p> <p>Post harvest and marketing awareness and training materials were developed and will continue to be developed and disseminated as part of the sub-sector strategy under the ARC project.</p>	
4. Improved hatchery management is the key to supplying healthy brood stock. Hatchery operators should be provided with managerial and financial skills to take advantage of new opportunities as they develop in the post-tsunami period. The model hatchery built in the Ladong Fisheries Vocational School should serve as a training/demonstration centre to strengthen and extend breeding technology.	The Ladong Fisheries Vocational School was specifically selected as an implementing partner because their involvement represented the opportunity to allow for the transfer of knowledge which would enhance the projects sustainability. However a full training course for hatchery operators was not developed and is still needed to ensure the viability of the Ladong school model hatchery	No Because of limited funding, the follow up of the model hatchery and further training module were not done. A specific project to address the healthy broodstock issue should be formulated by FAOR Indonesia in consultation with FI department and submitted to potential donor for funding consideration. Additional funding is needed for about USD 1,5 million to implement this recommendation over an 18 months period, involving the Ladong school, private actors and the Ujung Batee Center	
5. There is need in Aceh for expertise to identify markets and new products, to coordinate with buyers and assist in the development of specifications and quality standards for fish products. Development assistance should focus on commodities for which potentially strong markets have been identified. Closer investigation of market channels from capture or pond to consumer is required.	This recommendation is more related to longer term development projects	Yes This is being addressed through a market information project funded by Spain and led by FI department and FAOR.	
6. There needs to be an emphasis on demonstrations of commercial viability. Projects should be designed with this concept in mind. It is important that good economic data be established and maintained so that projects can be evaluated as to their financial viability. In this regard, financial studies should be made of aquaculture enterprises, and of the feasibility of ice plants and cold storage facilities.	Fisheries department to ensure economic viability to be drawn up to ensure best advice provided to future emergency project design ,	No This action was partially accepted. No funding was available to develop this capacity	The economic viability of the technical advice provided by FAO for aquaculture enterprise should be clearly understood and demonstrated (the viability of individual enterprises that follow this advice cannot be guaranteed). FAO to ensure that future emergency

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			projects provide appropriate advice and inputs to ensure sustainability. Financial studies are important but require funding and timing that can only be addressed properly with follow up development funding.
7. While FAO should avoid involvement in the provision of infrastructure, the Organization needs to be in a position to provide advice to those donors and government agencies that are so involved.	FAO Fisheries department is available to provide technical advice	Yes FAO Fisheries department is available to provide technical advice and support TCE and governments in the development and implementation of emergency projects	