

**FOOD SECURITY SUSTAINABLE LIVELIHOODS IN THE  
PACIFIC ISLAND COUNTRIES**

**UPDATE OF 2008 DEVELOPMENT PARTNERS MAPPING STUDY**

**REPORT TO FAO**

**December 2011**

---

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

---

Information used for this update was sourced through interaction with representatives of the various Development Partner organisations as well as from published material made available via reports and the internet. The consultant would like to acknowledge with thanks the contribution of all those who participated in this update.

The consultant would also like to acknowledge the support provided by the Sub-regional Representative, the FAO/SAP Multi-disciplinary Team and FAO SAP staff during this assignment.

## CONTENTS

---

Acknowledgements .....	2
1. Introduction .....	4
2. Updated General Information for Key Development Partners.....	5
3. Updated list of key regional project/programme activities by sector.....	11
4. Updated list of key project/programme activities for individual countries by sector .....	29
APPENDIX 1: LIST OF PEOPLE CONSULTED .....	94
APPENDIX 2: LIST OF WEBSITE REFERENCES .....	94

---

## 1. INTRODUCTION

---

Building upon the Pacific Aid Effectiveness Principles which was signed by Pacific Island Countries (PICs) in 2007 and with the intention to enhance harmonization of Development Partners' development resources based on their known comparative advantages, FAO undertook a mapping study in 2008 to detail activities (both current and planned) of key development partners in the broader agricultural sector. Sectors covered by the assignment include:

- Agriculture, Forestry & Fisheries (including national and household food security,
- Nutritional Health, Food Security, Water & Sanitation
- Trade
- Improved Business Environment, Broader Based Economic Growth
- Environment – Land Management, Resource Conservation / Rehabilitation
- Climate Change – Response and Adaptation; Disaster Preparedness

The purpose of this assignment was to

- Update general information (Strategic Documents, Development Objectives, Primary Partner Countries, Instruments) for development partner's included in the 2008 study and
- Update key project/programme activities in each of the sectors covered by the 2008 study.

The following four main questions which were addressed in the 2008 study have been maintained for this update and are reflected in the tabular information provided.

1. Who are the main development partners providing assistance to the sectors covered by the study?
2. Where do these development partners focus their support and in which sectors?
3. How do the development partners deliver their support?
4. What are the strategic frameworks in which the developments provide their support?

The update covers the 14 PICs that were initially included in the mapping study and reviews information pertaining to each of the key development partners known to be active in the sectors of the 2008 study. As with the 2008 study, this update does not attempt to evaluate whether or not the development interventions of the various development partners are meeting the development needs of the PICs. Whilst it is the intention to include as much as possible all related activities by the development partners in the sectors of study, it must be noted that the information provided in the update is not as exhaustive for all development partners, sectors and countries and that information used in the update is based on the information provided to the consultant by representatives of development partner organizations and from their respective reports and websites.

## 2. UPDATED GENERAL INFORMATION FOR KEY DEVELOPMENT PARTNERS

Development Partner	Key Strategic Documents	Development Objectives	Primary Sector Focus	Instrument/ Approaches
<b>ACIAR</b>	ACIAR Annual Operational Plan for 2011 – 2012  <a href="http://aciarc.gov.au/publication/AOP_current">http://aciarc.gov.au/publication/AOP_current</a>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Poverty Reduction &amp; MDGS</li> <li>➤ Robust economies and societies leading to increased demand for better food and nutrition, through exporting food and agricultural expertise</li> <li>➤ Building resilience and long-term food security, together with enhanced economic growth, in developing countries.</li> <li>➤ Capacity-building partnerships by targeting the three research themes:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i) agricultural productivity growth in smallholder systems</li> <li>ii) developing market integration for improving smallholder livelihoods</li> <li>iii) human and institutional capacity building for developing-country national research institutions to enable sustainable follow-up research and adoption capabilities.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Agriculture	GRANT AID through : R & E project funds implemented by partnerships between Australian and regional/national agencies and NGOs
<b>ADB</b>	ADBs Pacific Approach 2010 – 2014  <a href="http://www.adb.org/Documents/Books/adb-pacific-approach-2010-2014/ADB-Pacific-Approach-2010-2014">http://www.adb.org/Documents/Books/adb-pacific-approach-2010-2014/ADB-Pacific-Approach-2010-2014</a>	The Pacific Approach provides alignment between the region’s Pacific Plan and ADB’s long-term strategic framework 2008–2020 (Strategy 2020).  (ii) The Pacific Approach sets overall strategic directions for operations in the Pacific, including	Infrastructure, Environment, including climate change, Regional cooperation and	<b>Concessional Loans</b>  <b>Grant Aid</b>  <b>Technical Assistance</b>

Development Partner	Key Strategic Documents	Development Objectives	Primary Sector Focus	Instrument/ Approaches
	2014.pdf	<p>how reforms would be undertaken.</p> <p>(iii) The Pacific Approach recognizes the need to respond with greater awareness to the complex fragile situations particular to most Pacific DMCs</p> <p>(vi) Knowledge solutions, including better practice models, can be identified for replication within the region.</p> <p>(v) Public goods and services provided at the regional level can exploit economies of scale.</p> <p>(vi) A common framework can address similar social, cultural, and political binding constraints to growth and development, similar opportunities and development risks; and derive regional approaches to support growth and development, including the need to engage in non traditional sectors for private sector operations.</p> <p>(vii) The Pacific Approach also recognizes the need to improve development effectiveness in anticipation of a possible substantial increase in ADB's assistance to the region.</p>	integration, Financial sector development, Education	
<b>European Union</b>  <b>European Commission</b>	Europe 20/20  And Individual Country Strategy Documents <a href="http://ec.europa.eu/europeaid/w here/acp/country-cooperation/index_en.htm">http://ec.europa.eu/europeaid/w here/acp/country-cooperation/index_en.htm</a>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Stronger political relations on matters of common interest such as global political security, trade, economic and social development and the environment</li> <li>➤ More focused development action, with greater emphasis on regional cooperation to build up critical mass, enhance regional governance and facilitate mutual enrichment</li> </ul>	Economic Development including Trade and Employment, innovation, education, social inclusion, environment including climate/energy	GRANT AID through:  Regional projects (implemented primarily by CROP agencies)  Sub regional programmes (eg. Multi country energy programme, disaster preparedness programme)

Development Partner	Key Strategic Documents	Development Objectives	Primary Sector Focus	Instrument/ Approaches
	Strategy and Regional Indicative Programme 2008 – 2013 for the 10 <sup>th</sup> EDF	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ More efficient aid delivery, including greater</li> <li>➤ use of direct budget support and closer coordination with other partners in particular Australia and New Zealand</li> <li>➤ Regional Economic Integration</li> <li>➤ Trade and Human Resource development</li> <li>➤ Human Resources development</li> <li>➤ Sustainable management of natural resources</li> </ul>		<p>Intra all ACP projects and programmes (eg all ACP Commodities Project)</p> <p>Competitive grant projects (general budget line calls for proposals) &amp; Water &amp; Energy Facilities</p> <p>Technical Assistance Agencies</p> <p>Concessional LOANS</p>
<b>JICA</b>	<p>Japan's Assistance Plan (Okinawa, May 2006) Supports Pacific Plan</p> <p>JICA's Cooperation for Climate Change 2010</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Economic Development</li> <li>➤ Sustainable Development</li> <li>➤ Good Governance</li> <li>➤ Security</li> <li>➤ People to people communication and exchange</li> </ul>	Fisheries, Environment - Resource Management, Climate Change	<p>GRANT AID through:</p> <p>Large Grant Aid &amp; Grass roots projects implemented nationally JICA TA implemented nationally but with some regional strategic framework (eg. Coastal fisheries/aquaculture projects</p> <p>Projects for regional agencies (eg. USP, SPREP, FFA)</p>

Development Partner	Key Strategic Documents	Development Objectives	Primary Sector Focus	Instrument/ Approaches
<p><b>New Zealand</b></p> <p><b>NZAID</b></p> <p><a href="http://www.aid.govt.nz">http://www.aid.govt.nz</a></p>	<p>Pacific Strategy 2007 – 2015</p> <p>Environment and International Development Policy</p> <p>International Development Policy Statement : Supporting sustainable development</p> <p>Harnessing International Trade for Development Policy</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Strengthen governance</li> <li>➤ Broader based growth and improved livelihoods</li> <li>➤ Improved health and education</li> <li>➤ Reduced vulnerability</li> <li>➤ Enhanced capacity of poor people to manage their environment</li> <li>➤ Improved environmental governance for the poor</li> <li>➤ Targeted policy engagement on trade and development issues</li> <li>➤ Trade related programming that supports developing countries' ownership of trade policies</li> <li>➤ Participation in multilateral trade processes, trade access and efforts to develop policies and institutions to harness trade for development</li> <li>➤ Support sustainable development in developing countries, in order to reduce poverty and to contribute to a more secure, equitable, and prosperous world.</li> </ul>	<p>Four priority themes guide the New Zealand Aid Programme in stimulating sustainable development:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. investing in economic development</li> <li>ii. promoting human development</li> <li>iii. improving resilience and responding to disaster</li> <li>iv. building safe and secure communities.</li> </ul>	<p>GRANT AID through:</p> <p>Core Programme funds to regional agencies (eg. FFA, PIFS, SOPAC, SPC, SPREP, USP)</p> <p>Programme Funds to NGOs (eg. Oxfam, FSPI, WIBDI)</p> <p>Projects implemented by regional agencies (RTFP, Tuna Tagging)</p> <p>NZ Government Agency Fund</p> <p>Funds for regional initiatives (eg PFTAC)</p>



Development Partner	Key Strategic Documents	Development Objectives	Primary Sector Focus	Instrument/ Approaches
<b>United States</b>  <b>USAID</b>  <a href="http://www.usaid.gov">http://www.usaid.gov</a>	US Official Development Assistance  USAID Response to the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009  Compacts of Free Association	To promote broadly shared economic prosperity; strengthen democracy and good governance; improve global health, food security, environmental sustainability and education; help societies prevent and recover from conflicts; and provide humanitarian assistance in the wake of natural and man-made disasters.	Education, health care, private sector development, the environment, public sector, capacity building and public infrastructure	GRANT AID through:  Sector grants, Core funding to regional agencies (PIDP, SPC, SPREP) project (eg. Environment projects) Contribution to global facilities (eg GEF) and international agencies  Millennium Challenge Corporation (to LDCs only Vanuatu to date)
<b>United Nations</b>	United Nations Development Assistance Framework 2008 – 2012 for the Pacific Sub region	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Equitable economic growth and poverty reduction</li> <li>➤ Good governance and human rights</li> <li>➤ Equitable social and protection services</li> <li>➤ Sustainable environmental management</li> </ul>	MDGs, Poverty Reduction, Governance, Environment, Equitable social and protection services	GRANT AID through:  Global initiatives.  Agency core funded work programmes (predominately TA, Training/Capacity Building)  Leveraged project funds (eg. GEF, Italy/FAO RPFS)

Development Partner	Key Strategic Documents	Development Objectives	Primary Sector Focus	Instrument/ Approaches
<b>World Bank</b>  <a href="http://web.worldbank.org/">http://web.worldbank.org/</a>	Thematic & Sector Strategies Country Assistance Strategies	Focusing on the poorest countries, fragile and conflict-affected states, the Arab world, middle-income countries, global public goods issues, and delivery of knowledge and learning services. Key strategies include: <u>Thematic and sector strategies</u> , which guides their work to reduce poverty in a specific sector or aspect of development and <u>Country assistance strategies</u> , which identify the key areas in which they can best support a country in reducing poverty and achieving sustainable development.	Road Infrastructure, Health, Agriculture	GRANT AID through: Strategic economic and sector work, multi donor dialogues to promote donor coordination on a thematic basis, targeted policy notes to disseminate key messages and focused technical assistance to implement reforms.  Leverage project funds (eg. GEF
<b>GLOBAL ENVIRONMENT FACILITY (GEF)</b>	Pacific Alliance for Sustainability (GEF – PAS) Programme Document (draft)	Focus Areas: Biodiversity; Climate Change Adaptation; Climate Change Mitigation; International Waters, Persistent Pollutants (POPs)	Environment / Climate Change	GRANT AID (with co-financing requirements) through: Enabling activities; Medium sized projects; Full sized projects;  With GEF implementation and executing agencies in partnership with regional agencies (SPREP, SOPAC, SPC, FFA) and national government departments and agencies.

### 3. UPDATED LIST KEY REGIONAL PROJECT/PROGRAMME ACTIVITIES BY SECTOR

Agriculture, Forestry, Fisheries (including national and household food security)						
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Country(ies)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
Strengthening integrated crop management research in the Pacific islands in support of sustainable intensification of high-value crop production	ACIAR	University of Queensland, School of Biological Sciences, Australia	Fiji, Kiribati, Samoa, Solomon, Tonga	Many Pacific island countries consider the development of high-value crops for domestic consumption and export a priority for improving livelihoods. However, incautious intensification has led to pest and disease problems and sometimes to environmental hazards. Several ACIAR projects have provided solutions to specific problems but a weak national research base and poor links to extension have made it difficult to consolidate these achievements. This project initiates the development of a longer-term program, working regionally with the Secretariat of the Pacific Community and its partners, to build R&D capacity capable of sustaining the development of high-value crops in the Pacific islands	2011 - 2016	AUD3,475,808.00

Agriculture, Forestry, Fisheries (including national and household food security)						
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Country(ies)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
Developing aquaculture-based livelihoods in the Pacific islands region and tropical Australia	ACIAR	James Cook University, School of Marine and Tropical Biology, Australia	Fiji, PNG, Solomon, Samoa, Tonga, Vanuatu	The specific objectives are to; identify and implement targeted research activities and technology transfer in response to priority issues identified by Pacific Island countries, where possible by drawing on results and expertise developed through completed and on-going ACIAR, World Fish and other aquaculture projects; increase institutional capacity amongst Pacific Island countries to support and manage research, particularly Papua New Guinea; and provide technical support for indigenous Australian aquaculture ventures.	2007 - 2011	AUD1,229,662.00
Developing cleaner export pathways for Pacific agriculture commodities	ACIAR	Secretariat of the Pacific Community, Fiji	Fiji, Samoa	The aim of this project is to restore the viability of export pathways for taro.	2011 - 2014	AUD699,810.00
Pacific Agribusiness Research for Development Initiative	ACIAR	University of Queensland, Queensland Alliance for Agriculture and Food Innovation.	Fiji, Kiribati, Samoa, Solomon, Tonga, Vanuatu	This project will study issues particularly affecting food production and agricultural sector development.	2010 - 2015	AUD9,990,030.00

Agriculture, Forestry, Fisheries (including national and household food security)						
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Country(ies)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
Rehabilitating cocoa for improving livelihoods in the South Pacific	ACIAR	Secretariat of the Pacific Community, Fiji	Fiji, Samoa, Solomon, Vanuatu	The aim of this project is to understand how development organisations can assist smallholders to improve the returns from cocoa through higher productivity and access to niche markets.	2011 - 2014	AUD840,592.00
Improving soil health in support of sustainable development in the Pacific	ACIAR	Secretariat of the Pacific Community, Fiji	Fiji, Kiribati, Samoa	This project is built on the lessons learned during the DSAP and the SRA. It has three objectives: 1. To elucidate crop production and related soil health problems at specific pilot sites and develop physical, chemical and biological indicators underpinning an integrated approach to improving soil management; 2. To evaluate 'best-bet' soil improvement practices for sustaining intensive Pacific crop production; 3. To increase the understanding of soil health concepts (including physical, chemical and biological processes) among smallholder horticulture producers and their service providers and enhance their capacity to apply these concepts for sustained productivity.	2011 - 2015	AUD1,497,891.00

Agriculture, Forestry, Fisheries (including national and household food security)						
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Country(ies)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
Strengthening integrated crop management research in the Pacific islands in support of sustainable intensification of high-value crop production	ACIAR	University of Queensland, School of Biological Sciences, Australia	Fiji, Samoa, Solomon, Kiribati, Tonga	This project initiates the development of a longer-term program, working regionally with the Secretariat of the Pacific Community and its partners, to build R&D capacity capable of sustaining the development of high-value crops in the Pacific islands.	2011 - 2016	AUD3,475,808.00
Developing aquaculture-based livelihoods in the Pacific islands region and tropical Australia	ACIAR	James Cook University, School of Marine and Tropical Biology, Australia	Fiji, Papua New Guinea, Tonga, Vanuatu, Samoa, Solomon	The overall aim of the project is to support economically, socially and environmentally sustainable aquaculture in the Pacific Islands region, and to assist indigenous aquaculture in tropical Australia. The project will support the SPC's Regional Aquaculture Strategy and supplement the R&D activities of the SPC Aquaculture Action Plan.	2007 - 2011	AUD1,229,662.00
Scaling-out community-based marine resource governance in Solomon Islands, Kiribati and Vanuatu	ACIAR	WorldFish Center, Solomon Islands	Kiribati, Solomon, Vanuatu		2011 - 2015	AUD1,150,000.00

Environment – land management, resource conservation / rehabilitation					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Country(ies)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
Project for Promotion of Regional Initiative on Solid Waste Management	JICA	14 PICs : Fiji, PNG, Solomon Islands, Vanuatu, FSM, Kiribati, Marshall Islands, Palau, Tonga, Tuvalu and Samoa	To promote and disseminate a proper management of landfill waste and environmental education in the region.	2010 - 2014	9.78m

Climate Change – responses and adaptations; Disaster Preparedness					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Country(ies)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
Regional Meteorology Training	JICA	11 PICs	To support and build capacity of weather forecasters and upgrading capability of communities for DRR	2010 - 2012	
The Strengthening Community Disaster Risk Management Project in the Pacific Region	JICA	Solomon Islands & Fiji		2010 - 2013	

Agriculture, Forestry, Fisheries (including national and household food security)						
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Country(ies)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
Responsible Asia Forestry and Trade Program (RAFT)	USAID		Papua New Guinea	The RAFT program addresses illegal and unsustainable logging and associated trade by developing policy and market-based solutions that will lead to improved forest management and legal timber trade. The program has a partnership approach, bringing together stakeholders at national and regional levels in order to solve common problems related to sustainable forest management and timber trade.		
Greenhouse Gas Inventory Capacity Building Program for Developing Countries (RDMA support through EGAT field mechanism)	USAID		Papua New Guinea	EPA's ongoing program builds country capacities to conduct biannual national greenhouse gas (GHG) inventories, including forestry, land use, energy, agriculture, and waste sectors, consistent with IPCC and UNFCCC reporting guidelines.		



Agriculture, Forestry, Fisheries (including national and household food security)						
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Country(ies)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
Lowering Emissions in Asia's Forests (LEAF) new RDM A program	USAID		Papua New Guinea	The LEAF program promotes a regional approach to REDD-readiness and produces meaningful reductions in emissions from deforestation and forest degradation		

Climate Change – responses and adaptations; Disaster Preparedness						
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Country(ies)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
Pacific Adaptation to Climate Change	USAID	NOAA	South Pacific Islands	Strengthen end-to-end climate services and adaptation capabilities through the expansion of the Pacific Climate Information System (PaCIS). This program provides a framework to integrate ongoing and future climate observations, operational forecasting services and climate and climate projections, research, assessments, data management, outreach and education.	2012 - 2014	2,000,000

Climate Change – responses and adaptations; Disaster Preparedness						
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Country(ies)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
Pacific Adaptation to Climate Change	USAID	SPREP	Fiji, Kiribati, Samoa, Solomon Islands, Tonga and Vanuatu	The goal is to evaluate and implement innovative techniques and management approaches to increasing the climate change resilience of terrestrial food production systems for communities in 6 Pacific Island countries. Strengthen national and community capacity to build food security and response proactively to climate change and climate variability. Improve understanding of present and future climate related constraints on sustainable food productions of innovative responses that contribute to maintaining or increasing food security.	2012 - 2014	4,000,000
Asia Climate Change Adaptation (ADAPT)	USAID	To be decided	South Pacific Islands	USAID's new ADAPT program will help PICs accelerate their access to climate change adaptation funds, establish annual forums to act as market places for fund managers and project proponents to meet, and provide capacity building and project preparations assistance to governments	2012 - 2014	1,000,000

Climate Change – responses and adaptations; Disaster Preparedness						
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Country(ies)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
US Coral Triangle Initiative Support Program (USCTI)	USAID		Papua New Guinea, Solomon islands.	The Coral Triangle Initiative for Food Security, Coral Reefs and Climate Change is a country-led, multilateral partnership to safeguard the region's extraordinary marine and coastal biological resources.		
Disaster Preparedness and Assistance under Compact of Free Association	USAID		Federated States of Micronesia (FSM) and Republic of the Marshall Islands (RMI)	In November 2008, USAID assumed responsibility for disaster response and reconstruction in FSM and RMI from FEMA, reflecting the transition of FSM and RMI from U.S. -administered trust territories to independent countries. USAID and FEMA developed the Operational Blueprint to provide a framework for USG disaster response and reconstruction in the two nations, under which USAID maintains FEMA's previous commitment to supplementing host government efforts to provide humanitarian assistance in the aftermath of significant disasters in the two nations.		

Agriculture, Forestry, Fisheries (including national and household food security)						
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Country(ies)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
Forestry and Protected Area Management in Fiji, Samoa, Vanuatu and Niue	FAO	Fiji Ministry of Local Government, Urban Development, Housing and Environment, Niue Department of Environment, Samoa Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment Vanuatu Ministry of Lands and Natural Resources	FIJ, NIU, SAM, VAN	Enhancing the sustainable livelihoods of local communities living in and around protected areas, as well as strengthening biodiversity conservation and reducing forest and land degradation. The project will also assist the four countries in meeting their commitments and obligations under the international and regional agreements to which they are signatory to, as well as in progressing a number of their national environmental and developmental goals.	2009 - 2011	6,283,750
Capacity building to promote adoption of techniques to reduce hazardous pesticide use in Pacific Agriculture	FAO	SPC	FIJ, SAM, SOI, TON	Improved small farmer livelihoods and reduced environmental and food contamination by hazardous pesticides as a result of the adoption of IPM based and other reduced pesticide input technologies for the	2011 - 2013	465,825

Agriculture, Forestry, Fisheries (including national and household food security)						
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Country(ies)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
				management of pests, diseases and weeds in target Pacific Island countries.		
National consultation on the establishment of a sub-regional aquaculture network in Micronesia	FAO		Nauru	To conduct a questionnaire survey with the Govt agencies concerned, educational institutions, NGOs and other stakeholders in Palau in the establishment of a sub-regional aquaculture network in FSM To prepare a draft sub-regional TCP project proposal on the establishment of a sub-regional aquaculture network in Micronesia SIDS have similar aspirations in sustainable aquaculture development and environmental protection. A sub-regional network for aquaculture could bridge/fill the gaps through sharing experiences and information on topics of interest among countries in sustainable aquaculture development among countries in FSM	2011 – 2012	26,411
			Palau		2011 - 2012	22,624

Agriculture, Forestry, Fisheries (including national and household food security)						
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Country(ies)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
National Consultation on High Food Prices	FAO		Cook Islands	To understand better the extent and causes of global incidents of high food prices and potential policy and programmatic actions to address them in Cook Islands. Expected outcome: Outcome statement on national policy and programmatic actions to address high food prices for Cook Islands.	2011	34,144
			Niue	To understand better the extent and causes of global incidents of high food prices and potential policy and programmatic actions to address them in Niue. Expected outcome: Outcome statement outlining national policy and programmatic actions to address high food prices for Niue.	2011	21,947
			PNG	To identify and understand the drivers of high food prices and their impacts, and find ways and means to address them.	2011	55,177

Agriculture, Forestry, Fisheries (including national and household food security)						
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Country(ies)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
			Solomon	To understand better the extent and causes of global incidents of high food prices and potential policy and programmatic actions to address them in Solomon Islands.	2011	37,201
			Vanuatu	To understand better the extent and causes of global incidents of high food prices and potential policy and programmatic actions to address them in Vanuatu.	2011	37,570

Nutritional Health, Food Safety, Water & Sanitation						
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Country(ies)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
Strengthening capacity to formulate a strategic framework for food security in the Pacific Region	FAO		14 PICs	In response to a call for action on food security from Pacific Leaders at the Thirty-Ninth Pacific Islands Forum (Niue 19-20 August 2008), a regional food summit will be convened in Vanuatu to develop a regional framework for action	2010 - 2011	56,924

Nutritional Health, Food Safety, Water & Sanitation						
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Country(ies)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
				on food security in the Pacific. The TCP facility will enable high level representatives from Ministries of Agriculture to critically examine the issues, review a draft framework, and further develop and finalize the regional strategic framework for food security.		
Food Security and Sustainable Livelihood Programme (FSSLP) for Pacific Island Countries: National Capacity Building for Strategic Project Identification and Design (FAO)	FAO		CKI, FSM, KIR, NAU, NIU, PAL, RMI, SAM	To build better capacity at the national level for food security and rural livelihoods programme development, participatory planning management and strong monitoring and evaluation of projects addressing food security and sustainable livelihoods under the FSSLP; to provide an impetus and start-up structure for more concerted programmes for food security and sustainable livelihoods in each country and the expected output is to develop high quality proposals with a high likelihood for quick funding as a result of hands-on training activities.	2010 - 2011	454,000
Food Security and Sustainable Livelihood Programme (FSSLP) for Pacific Island Countries: National Capacity Building for Strategic Project Identification and Design (FAO)	FAO		FIJ, PNG, SOI, TON, TUV, VAN		2010 - 2011	366,000



Trade						
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Country(ies)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
Assistance for processing of Regional Trade Statistics of Agricultural Commodities TCP (FAO)	FAO	SPC		This project is to assist the Secretariat of the Pacific Community in obtaining relevant statistical information in support of their priority policies concerning the achievement of food security and regional free trade agreements (PICTA/PACER) as well as trade integration among countries as part of the region's response to global trend towards liberalisation of trade within the WTO framework	2006 - ongoing	253,000
Development of Effective Governance Structures and Organic Guarantee System for the Pacific Organic and Ethical Trade Community	FAO		14 PICs	1. To identify the most appropriate governance structure for the Pacific Organic and Ethical Trade Community, housed within the Secretariat of the Pacific Community. 2. To develop the Organic Guarantee System (OGS) for the Pacific Organic Standard as an essential step towards the Pacific Organic Standard (	2010 - 2011	93,625

Trade						
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Country(ies)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
				POS) being utilised for certification of Pacific organic produce and to enable POETCom to seek equivalency agreements for the POS with other standards such as the EU Council Regulation No 834/2007 on organic agriculture and others, including the preparation of a dossier for submission of POS to the EU to seek equivalence.		

Environment – land management, resource conservation / rehabilitation						
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Country(ies)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
Capacity Building related to Multilateral Environmental Agreements in African, Caribbean and Pacific (ACP) countries - Clean-up of obsolete pesticides, pesticides management and sustainable pest	FAO	SPC, SPREP	14 PICS	Overall objective is to improve the environmental situation of the ACP countries in line with the Millennium Development Goal N° 7, ensuring environmental sustainability in line with the international commitments taken at the national levels through the	2009 - 2013	5,688,260

Environment – land management, resource conservation / rehabilitation						
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Country(ies)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
management				signature of the Multilateral Environmental Agreements. The purpose of the programme is to enhance the capacity of the ACP countries to comply with the Multilateral Environmental Agreements (MEAs) and related commitments, and thereby improve their management of the environmental and the natural resources therein.		
Support to the Development and Piloting of an Open Source Cadastre and Registration (OSCAR) Shell	United Nations		SAM	The project intends to find ways to implement sustainable land administration systems in countries with limited financial resources	2010 - 2013	2,944,724
Programming Support to FSSLP (Food Security and Sustainable Livelihoods Programme in the Pacific Island Countries)	FAO		14 PICs	Contribute to enhanced policy environment and more importantly the strengthened capacities at country levels to plan and implement immediate and long-term food security challenges and initiatives, especially in support of the FSSLP goals.	2009 - 2011	45,668

Climate Change – responses and adaptations; Disaster Preparedness						
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Country(ies)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
Pacific Adaptation to Climate Change (GEF)	GEF	UNDP/SPREP	Cook Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, Fiji, Marshall Islands, Nauru, Niue, Palau, Papua New Guinea, Samoa, Solomon Islands, Tonga, Tuvalu and Vanuatu	Project aims to significantly improve the effectiveness of the response to climate change in the Pacific. The project will improve technical capacities to support appropriate adaptation centric policies, demonstrate cost-effective adaptation techniques in key sectors, and promote regional cooperation.	2009 - 2014	13,125,000

#### 4. UPDATED LIST OF KEY PROJECT/PROGRAMME ACTIVITIES FOR INDIVIDUAL COUNTRIES BY SECTOR

##### 1. COOK ISLANDS

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (INCLUDING NATIONAL AND HOUSEHOLD FOOD SECURITY)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
Cook Islands Agricultural Census and Statistics	FAO	Ministry of Agriculture in collaboration with the Statistics Office	To strengthen the capability of the Cook Islands Government to develop a sustainable Food and Agriculture Statistics System so that policy and strategy discussions are based on timely and reliable information for the achievement of the 'national vision'.	2011 - 2013	309,000
Assistance to small scale atoll farmers in cultivating disease free bananas	FAO		To propagate and mass-produce disease free banana planting materials through using Tissue Culture Technologies. The second objective is to meet the household food requirements and to enhance quality so that farmers could sell their produce on the local market to earn revenue to buy other foods and to improve living standards. The third objective is to train rural farmers in sustainable management of Atoll Banana production through adopting the narrow Pit systems of planting Bananas.	TBC	TBC
Forestry Stock Assessment	FAO		To assess the usefulness and economic value of forestry stocks in relation to the effects of climate change and impacts on underground water reservoir on Atiu, Mauke, Mangaia and Rarotonga	TBC	47,380

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (INCLUDING NATIONAL AND HOUSEHOLD FOOD SECURITY)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
National Advocacy Campaign for Biosecurity in the Cook Islands	FAO			TBC	TBC
Enhancing Youth's Capacity in Vegetable Production using Organic and Biological Tools and Techniques	FAO	Beneficiary Group: Rakei Toa Youth Group	a. To complete and well manage a self sustainable vegetable garden for future student intakes into the programme and also provide a meaningful source of income or job opportunities for those students graduating. b. To gain knowledge on aspects of agriculture covering, plant varieties and growth, soil quality, pest control, organic/biological agriculture, management of crops and market opportunities.	2011 - 2012	9,973
Crops & Ornamentals Plants Production	FAO	Beneficiary Group: Takamoa Theological College	The two underlying objectives of the project are as follows: (a) To assist the college with their food requirements in terms of vegetable and fruit crops in the first instance, and income generation thereafter to supplement household income for other necessary household expenditures; (b) To get the college into ornamentals propagation for decoration of the college campus and to generate extra income for necessary household expenditures.	2011 - 2012	10,000

**ENVIRONMENT – LAND MANAGEMENT, RESOURCE CONSERVATION/REHABILITATION**

<b>Activity/modality</b>	<b>Funding Agency</b>	<b>Implementing Partner(s)</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Timeline</b>	<b>Budget USD</b>
Cook Islands Land Resource Use Manual and Related Training	FAO	Ministry of Agriculture	To assist Southern Cook Islands farmers in sustainable soil/land use and management specifically to improve rural food security, farmers' living standards and disposable income through having user-friendly and reliable land use information available on soil characteristics, soil fertility status, suitable crops and sustainable land management options	2010 - 2011	61,498
Capacity Building for Sustainable Land Management in the Cook Islands	GEF - UNDP	National Environment Services	The long-term goal of the project is to contribute to maintaining and improving ecosystem stability, integrity, functions and services while enhancing sustainable livelihoods by building the capacity to implement sustainable land management into all levels of decision making. It also aims to mainstream SLM in relevant policy and regulatory frameworks, and it will assist in developing a National Action Plan and Medium Term Investment Plan.	2008 - 2012	500,000
<u>Capacity Building for Sustainable Land Management in the Cook Islands</u>	GEF	UNDP/National Environment Services	The long-term goal of the project is to contribute to maintaining and improving ecosystem stability, integrity, functions and services while enhancing sustainable livelihoods by building the capacity to implement sustainable land management into all levels of decision making. It also aims to mainstream SLM in relevant policy and regulatory frameworks, and it will assist in developing a National Action Plan and Medium Term Investment Plan.	2008 - 2012	500,000
Community Centered Sustainability Development Programme	UNDP	Office of the Prime Minister	The Community-Centred Sustainable Development Programme (CCSDP) is a community-centred Joint Government of the Cook Islands, Niue, Samoa and Tokelau/UN initiative that enables community members to organize for collective action, by pooling resources and building solidarity towards resolving common problems and achieving a shared vision for community advancement.	2009 - 2012	189,000

IMPROVED BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT, BROADER BASED ECONOMIC GROWTH					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget
Tourism Sector Investment (current)	NZAID	MFAT	Budget support for tourism sector investment to assist the Cook Islands Government in promoting and strengthening tourism, which provides approximately 60 percent of Cook Islands GDP. The budget support is linked to achievement of public financial management reform targets agreed with the Cook Islands Government.	2011 - ?	6,000,000 NZD
Tourist Route Development (closed)	NZAID	MFAT	To support the continuation of the Rarotonga–Los Angeles air route, which is substantially underwritten by the Cook Islands Government, through a contribution to the under writing costs.	2009 – 2011	

NUTRITIONAL HEALTH, FOOD SAFETY, WATER & SANITATION					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
Waste Management & Sanitation (Current)	NZAID	MFAT	Sanitation systems need to be upgraded to preserve or improve lagoon water quality. Technical assistance will be provided to assist the Ministry of Infrastructure to plan, design and manage a pilot initiative and to prepare documentation to inform Cabinet decisions regarding systems upgrades across Rarotonga and Aitutaki.	2010 - ?	2,000,000 NZD
Household Sanitation Systems Audit (Closed)	NZAID	MFAT	Funding provided to the Cook Islands Ministry of Health to undertake an audit of 100 septic tanks on Rarotonga and 40 tanks on Aitutaki, to inform the design of a new waste management programme.	2010 - 2011	?



<b>NUTRITIONAL HEALTH, FOOD SAFETY, WATER &amp; SANITATION</b>					
<b>Activity/modality</b>	<b>Funding Agency</b>	<b>Implementing Partner(s)</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Timeline</b>	<b>Budget USD</b>
Capacity Building in Water Quality Monitoring (closed)	NZAID	MFAT	There is an increasing need to assess the impact of developments on water quality, for the welfare of local communities and given the Cook Islands' dependence on tourism and aquaculture industries. In the past, water quality monitoring in the Cook Islands	2009 - 2011	?
Northern Group Water Project	NZAID	MFAT	The focus of the design is on increasing the capacity of the MMR and Cook Islands National Environment Service (CINES) to undertake activities needed to manage and maintain the marine resources and the marine environment of the Cook Islands. While there is a heavy emphasis on technical assistance, the primary purpose of this technical assistance is to build the capacity of the staff/counterparts and to assist them undertake the tasks or activities required to achieve the component outputs of the project.	2006 - ?	2,200,000 NZD

2. FEDERATED STATES OF MICRONESIA

<b>AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (NUTRITIONAL AND HOUSEHOLD FOOD SECURITY)</b>					
<b>Activity/modality</b>	<b>Funding Agency</b>	<b>Implementing Partner(s)</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Timeline</b>	<b>Budget USD</b>
Micronesia National Agriculture Policy and Strategic Sector Development Plan	FAO	Department of Resources and Development	To hold inclusive consultations in all four States to canvass ideas for a national agriculture policy; to draft a national agriculture policy and a strategic sector development plan.	2010 - 2011	92,397
Strengthening of Food Control System	FAO	Department of Resources and Development	The outcome of the project is to strengthen the legal and regulatory framework for food control in the FSM, upgrade analytical and inspection services to provide a sound basis for monitoring, compliance, increase consumer awareness about food safety and enhance the safety and quality of food produced by small and medium food enterprises (SMEs) to facilitate trade and reduce health risks and facilitate a coordinated farm-to-table approach for protecting food safety and quality in each State	2011 - 2012	426,000
Development and Harmonisation of Fishery Statistics in the Federated States of Micronesia	FAO			TBC	194,000
Increased Sustainable Agricultural Production in FSM	FAO			TBC	

TRADE					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget
Private Sector Development Project (Current)	UNDP	Department of Economic Affairs, Pacific Business Center Programme	To facilitate the development of the Export Industry for local produce. The strategy is to assist Micronesian privately owned businesses in the FSM to invest in and develop a successful export industry.. The beneficiaries include People finding employment in the export business and export and supporting industries, growers of agriculture and aquaculture products including rural and remote areas finding a market for their products, the private sector business and the Government of FSM through increased foreign exchange and taxable income. The project is executed by the Government through the Department of Economic Affairs, in cooperation with the Pacific Business Center Programme	2005-2008	2,400,000

### 3. FIJI

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (INCLUDING NATIONAL AND HOUSEHOLD FOOD SECURITY)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
Developing cleaner export pathways for Pacific agriculture commodities	ACIAR	Secretariat of the Pacific Community, Fiji	The aim of this project is to restore the viability of export pathways for taro. Specific objectives are to:1. Improve the sustainability of the taro supply chain by: identifying improved on-farm production techniques to reduce key quarantine pest (nematode and mite) infestation for export grade product; determining suitable transport, handling and processing techniques to reduce postharvest damage leading to postharvest fungal infections; determining minimum	2011 - 2014	AUD699,810.00

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (INCLUDING NATIONAL AND HOUSEHOLD FOOD SECURITY)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
			<p>packhouse sanitary standards to ensure taro is processed and packaged to meet export needs; conducting trials to determine a suitable postharvest topping-and-tailing treatment to prevent fungal infections during transport to Australia. 2. Evaluate hot water dipping as a phytosanitary treatment against nematodes and mites.</p> <p>3. Ensure coordination of research and dissemination of outputs (in the context of multiple efforts to improve taro production, supply and market access).</p>		
Pacific Agribusiness Research for Development Initiative	ACIAR	University of Queensland, Queensland Alliance for Agriculture and Food Innovation, Australia	<p>This project will study issues particularly affecting food production and agricultural sector development. These include isolation from key growth markets and limited coordination of supply chains. There is a growing presence of internationally supported economic development programs that address some of these issues in the region; this project, involving ACIAR's Pacific Agribusiness Research for Development Initiative (PARDI), will complement that work with a focus on research for development to underpin the competitiveness of targeted high-value agriculture, fisheries and forestry products.</p>	2010 - 2015	AUD9,990,030.00

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
Emergency Assistance to Support the Recovery of Agriculture Livelihoods Systems of Tropical Cyclone affected families	FAO	Department of Agriculture, Ministry of Primary Industry	To re-establish agriculture production in the cyclone-affected areas and rebuild the agriculture livelihood and food security of all cyclone-affected households	2011	373,000
Empowering Vulnerable Groups through Training on Village Level Food Processing	FAO		To assist in the social and economic integration of vulnerable groups of rural women, their families and farmers into rural community life, through the improvement of their micro-enterprise management and marketing skills to promote their income-generating capacities. To provide vocational training and job opportunities as a way to stabilize the livelihood of vulnerable groups of rural women, and their families in rural areas. Once established, they are anticipated to become community-based trainers to disseminate the acquired skills to the community members and households. To train appropriate personnel as trainers to extend knowledge of small scale food processing in rural areas, focusing on readily marketable agricultural products		322,200
Capacity Building of Young Farmer Groups in Farm Management and Marketing	FAO				362,300
Development of unproductive flatlands for agriculture in Cakaudrove Province	FAO	Department of Agriculture	To improve food security and rural livelihoods in Cakaudrove Province of Fiji through flatland development - Expected outputs: (i) water management infrastructure systems established at selected flatlands; (ii) proper farming systems established at selected flatlands; (iii) enhanced capacity of rural farmers, government and institute staff in sustainable irrigation and drainage development, agriculture development and flatland water way management	2011 - 2012	390,000

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
Technical Assistance for implementation of Sugar Industry Reform Framework in Fiji	FAO	Department of Agriculture		2011 - 2012	TBC
Value Adding of Agricultural Produce	FAO	Department of Agriculture	The expected outcome is to assist rural communities to develop and promote technologies of simple food processing techniques from raw materials to end products, developing potentially marketable food products for domestic and international trade in order to promote income-generating capacities at village level. Inputs by the project will facilitate the access to rural credit with repayment scheme arising from market opportunities, which will offer the best condition for the sustainability of the village activities.	2013 - 2014	385,332
Blending of high value organic manure for rice production	FAO	Department of Agriculture	The outcome expected by the project is: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Number of biogas digester constructed</li> <li>• Number of farmers trained</li> <li>• Number of DOA staffs been upskilled</li> <li>• Reduction in costs of production</li> <li>• Reduction in imports bills.</li> </ul>	2013 - 2014	TBC
Animal Waste Management System for Livestock Farmers	FAO	Department of Agriculture	The outcomes expected by the project are as follows. <p>Outcome 1: To carry out farm survey on the selected farms.</p> <p>Outcome 2: The construction of biogas digesters.</p> <p>Outcome 3: Training both farmers and staff on modern approach to waste disposal.</p> <p>Outcome 4: To carry out research on suitable method to be used and the purchase and adjustment of generators for the conversion of methane to electricity.</p>	2013 - 2014	TBC

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
Giving youth a second chance – Rehabilitation focused on food security and income generation training at the Vacoko Rehabilitation Centre in Fiji	FAO		The specific objectives for the project are as follows: to provide youth ex-prisoners and unemployed youths at VRC knowledge and skills relating to agriculture and horticulture for food security and income generation; to provide business knowledge and skills related to the operation of small business enterprises related to agriculture and horticulture; to facilitate linkages and support to the VRC project and programmes from relevant Fiji Government Ministries and support agencies.	TBC	TBC
Veitacini Apiary Enterprise	FAO		This project targets the development of Bee keeping for local markets and to provide assistance to adopt/obtain improved subsistence and semi commercial technologies through establishments of foster groups and Networking among rural population through the “solesolevaki” cooperative concept. to acquire 10 hives and Bee keeping equipments through the Telefood Special Fund on one off payments. To utilize these assets for the purpose of Bee keeping as a means of livelihood. To improve standard of living. To introduce Bee keeping to unemployed village youth members as a means of income generation rather than seeing them turn to crime and other socials ills/.	TBC	TBC

CLIMATE CHANGE – RESPONSE AND ADAPTATION; DISASTER PREPAREDNESS					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Agency	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
The Strengthening Community Disaster Risk Management Project	JICA			2010 - 2013	
Fiji Flood Recovery - Infrastructure Projects (Current)	NZAID		NZ will fund: (1) installation of a new water supply system at Labasa Hospital; (2) Upgrade of Gau Island Nursing Station; and (3) Upgrade of emergency evacuation centres to ensure they are secure, have power and water to accommodate large numbers of people during natural disasters.	2009 - ?	2,200,000 NZD
PAS Fiji Renewable Energy Power Project (FREPP) <a href="http://www.gefonline.org/projectDetailsSQL.cfm?projID=4131">http://www.gefonline.org/projectDetailsSQL.cfm?projID=4131</a>	GEF	UNDP/Department of Energy	Removal of major barriers to the widespread and cost-effective use of grid-based renewable energy supply via commercially viable renewable energy technologies.	2010	1,000,000

ENVIRONMENT – LAND MANAGEMENT, RESOURCE CONSERVATION/REHABILITATION					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Agency	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
Waste Minimization and Recycling Promotion Project	JICA			2008 - 2012	



<b>IMPROVED BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT, BROADER BASED ECONOMIC GROWTH</b>					
<b>Activity/modality</b>	<b>Funding Agency</b>	<b>Implementing Partner(s)</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Timeline</b>	<b>Budget</b>
Fiji National Trust - ecotourism projects (current)	NZAID	The National Trust of Fiji	The National Trust of Fiji works with and advises communities to develop and manage ecotourism projects. Improvements to park or reserve facilities and services, promotion and marketing alongside other tourism sector players helps build sustainability.	1994 - ?	?
Foundation for Rural Integrated Enterprises & Devpt (closed)	NZAID	FRIEND	FRIEND receives core and programme funding to deliver training and micro-enterprise activities that build knowledge, skills and livelihoods opportunities for rural women and youth. FRIEND develops and markets products (spices, herbs, fruit preserves, cards and crafts) to generate income for sustainability.	2008 - 2011	800,000 NZD

#### 4. KIRIBATI

<b>AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)</b>					
<b>Activity/modality</b>	<b>Funding Agency</b>	<b>Implementing Partner(s)</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Timeline</b>	<b>Budget USD</b>
Workforce Skills Development - Marine Training Cent (Current)	NZAID	Kiribati Marine Training Centre (MTC)	New Zealand support to the MTC includes an Institutional Strengthening Programme, including eight Short Term Training Awards; Procurement of equipment and resources; Establishment of laboratory and x-ray facilities; and Funding of the Doctor's position.	2005 - ?	1,300,000 NZD
Strengthening the Strategic Planning and Policy Development Capabilities of the Outer Islands Government of Kiribati	FAO			TBC	TBC

<b>AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)</b>					
<b>Activity/modality</b>	<b>Funding Agency</b>	<b>Implementing Partner(s)</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Timeline</b>	<b>Budget USD</b>
Support to Centre of Excellence in Atoll Agriculture	FAO			TBC	TBC
Sustainable Development of Senile Coconut Palm in Kiribati	FAO	Ministry of Environment, Lands and Agriculture (MELAD)	promote the milling of senile coconut logs into timber for the local market, and in doing so, will generate rural income and employment, produce low-cost quality timber for house construction, reduce dependence on imported timber, provide needed momentum to the development of the private sector, at the same time avoiding serious environmental and physical problems associated with biomass disposal on atolls that are severely small and ecologically fragile	2011 - 2013	350,314

<b>CLIMATE CHANGE – RESPONSE AND ADAPTATION; DISASTER PREPAREDNESS</b>					
<b>Activity/modality</b>	<b>Funding Agency</b>	<b>Implementing Partner(s)</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Timeline</b>	<b>Total Budget USD</b>
Kiribati Adaptation Phase III (LDCF)	World Bank	Ministry of Environment, Land and Agriculture Development	To improve the resilience of Kiribati to the impacts of climate change on freshwater supply and coastal infrastructure	2011	10,000,000
Kiribati Food Crisis Response	World Bank	Ministry of Finance	to contribute to the Government of Kiribati's short-	2011 - 2012	2,000,000

CLIMATE CHANGE – RESPONSE AND ADAPTATION; DISASTER PREPAREDNESS					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
Operation		& Economic Development	term efforts to improve the availability and affordability of food on the outer islands of Kiribati and encourage the production of local agricultural produce.		
Increasing Resilience to Climate Variability and Hazards	GEF/World Bank	Office of the President	Increasing Resilience to Climate Variability and Hazards	2011	3,000,000

#### 5. MARSHALL ISLANDS

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Agency	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
Phytosanitary Capacity Evaluation in Majuro	FAO			TBC	TBC
Management of coastal and aquaculture resources for food security	FAO		To identify and protect areas (food patches and inshore fish patches) that are most vulnerable to soil erosion and flooding in the RMI	2011 - 2013	296,000
Support for review and formulation of food legislation and/or regulations	FAO			TBC	TBC
Project for Construction of Fish Market at Majuro	JICA			2009 - 2011	

CLIMATE CHANGE – RESPONSES AND ADAPTATIONS; DISASTER PREPAREDNESS					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Agency	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
Action for the Development of Marshall Islands Renewable Energies (ADMIRE)	GEF	UNDP	ADMIRE is envisioned to contribute to the reduction of the growth rate of GHG emissions from the diesel-based power generation in RMI. The project is expected to spur widespread application of RE technology not only to meet the electricity needs of the country but also provide the other energy requirements in the other major sectors of the national economy.	2005 - 2014	1,000,000
Project for Introduction of Clean Energy by Solar Electricity Generation System	JICA			2009 - ?	

## 6. NAURU

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
Increased agriculture production	FAO		The overall aim is to review past and current agricultural policy, development plans and sector strategic plans relating to agriculture development, assess impact of past efforts at agriculture development and if necessary draft appropriate TCP proposal for increased agriculture production in Nauru.	2011 -2012	32,502
Guideline on air transport of live aquatic animal in Nauru	FAO			2011	4,500

## 7. NIUE

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
Assistance to the Processing of the Niue National Agricultural Census	FAO	MAFF	Assist the Department of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries to process the Agriculture Census data and analyse the results	2010 - 2011	37,980
Assistance with processing and value adding of agricultural products for Niue	FAO	MAFF	Capacity to generate value added product that meet the need of various target markets ? local consumers, the local hospitality industry and export markets.	2011 – 2013	238,000
Strengthening Agriculture Curriculum and Vocational opportunities in Niue	FAO	MAFF	Outcome : Enhanced agriculture (and related fields) trained students for Niue Outputs: (i) Strengthened capacity of teachers and stakeholders in agriculture curriculum delivery. Activities: training workshops for teaching staff and stakeholders in design and production of relevant teaching materials and teaching and delivery using digital delivery methods; (ii) Improved and relevant teaching materials for agriculture (and related fields). Activities: consultants/experts develop teaching material contents in collaboration with teaching staff; (iii) Established practical area or demonstration plots for the students. Activities: demonstration plot(s) established for the practical components of the agriculture courses; (iv) Established partnership or collaboration between the schools, community and the private sector. Activities: awareness programmes involving field visits on canoe building, weaving, traditional fishing, etc.; familiarisation visits and exchange forums on particular industries such as noni and vanilla farms; (v) Compilation or publication of traditional knowledge in agriculture,	2011-2013	TBC

**AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)**

<b>Activity/modality</b>	<b>Funding Agency</b>	<b>Implementing Partner(s)</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Timeline</b>	<b>Budget USD</b>
			forests and fisheries, that the students could use as a reference. Activities: research, identify, and compile traditional practices in agriculture, forests and fisheries for Niue		
Promote Sustainable Farming Practices at Lakepa Community	FAO	Dept of Educ (DOE), and the Dept of Agri, Forests and Fisheries (DAFF)	To promote practical farming practices in our community and establish measures that will enhance efficient ways of sustainable management of our soil.	2011 - 2012	170,975

**ENVIRONMENT – LAND MANAGEMENT, RESOURCE CONSERVATION/REHABILITATION**

<b>Activity/modality</b>	<b>Funding Agency</b>	<b>Implementing Partner(s)</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Timeline</b>	<b>Budget USD</b>
Capacity Building for Sustainable Land Management in Niue	GEF	Department of Agriculture	The project main goal is to build capacity for sustainable land management in Niue via a targeted practical participatory "bottom up" approach	2006 - 2011	499,545
Niue Community-Centered Sustainable Development	UNDP	Department of Community Affairs	The CCSDP's overall objectives are: to build gender-sensitive community capacity to sustainably manage environmental and income-generating initiatives that emanate from and through community-led planning processes; and to support communities in building an eco-friendly economy that incorporates climate change adaptation and risk-reduction measures.	2008 - 2012	200,000

8. PNG

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
Culture of Promising Indigenous Fish Species and Bioremediation for Barramundi Aquaculture	ACIAR	QDPI&F, James Cook Univ., OK Tedi Mining Ltd., NFA, Western provincial Administration	On-farm trials and extension of hatchery production and growout techniques of promising freshwater aquaculture species	2006-2011	734,692
Value-Adding to PNG Agroforestry Systems Project	ACIAR	ANU, PNG Forest Authority, Univ. Technology, PNGSDP Ltd., Village Development trust, PNG Ecoforestry Forum	To encourage adoption of commercial-scale high value tree growing through fostering relationships between landowners and business partners	2007-2011	857,362
Soil Fertility Management in the PNG Highlands for Sweet Potato Systems Proj.	ACIAR	Univ. Queensland, NARI, QDPI&F, Lutheran Development Services	Improving sweet potato yield in PNG Highlands by addressing soil fertility decline.	2007-2012	1,049,303
Animal Health Surveillance Systems for PNG <a href="http://aciarc.gov.au/project/AH/2006/157">http://aciarc.gov.au/project/AH/2006/157</a>	ACIAR	Department of Agriculture & Livestock	This project was initiated to address the ongoing problem of poor reporting of animal diseases in PNG where veterinary or allied animal health resources are limited, livestock production is often at small holder or subsistence levels, and infrastructure is limited. The main objective is to develop systems that are sustainable, simple to operate, provide a basic set of animal population data, and estimates of the impacts estimates of disease on the production system. The underlying methodology is based on the observation	2008 - 2013	AUD\$787,044.00

			and reporting by farmers of the effects of disease on their own animals Templates are used to ensure consistency of reporting for populations and disease syndromes.		
<b>AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)</b>					
<b>Activity/modality</b>	<b>Funding Agency</b>	<b>Implementing Partner(s)</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Timeline</b>	<b>Total Budget USD</b>
Improving the profitability of village broiler production in PNG <a href="http://aciarc.gov.au/project/ASEM/2005/094">http://aciarc.gov.au/project/ASEM/2005/094</a>	ACIAR	South Australian Research and Development Institute, Pig and Poultry Production Institute, Australia	The village broiler farming sector in PNG imports most feed ingredients, despite a doubling in production costs due to massive devaluation of the Kina and transportation cost rises. Suitable local alternatives, such as copra meal, fishmeal and palm kernel meal are available. Project LPS/2001/077 developed a supplement of fishmeal and copra meal (plus minerals and vitamins) which when combined with 50-80% of local ingredients (e.g. sweet potato) makes up a whole ration. This project builds on this work to improve broiler production and profitability, developing on-station a range of best-bet feeding options, evaluating on-farm feeding options incorporating local feeds, and promoting their wide-spread adoption	2007 - 2012	AUD\$639,834.00
Commercial sector/smallholder partnerships for improving incomes in the oil palm and cocoa industries in Papua New Guinea <a href="http://aciarc.gov.au/project/ASEM/2006/127">http://aciarc.gov.au/project/ASEM/2006/127</a>	ACIAR	Curtin University of Technology, Faculty of Media, Society and Culture, Australia	The project aims to raise smallholder productivity and incomes in the oil palm and cocoa sectors through identifying, refining and promoting effective strategies for commercial sector partnerships with smallholders. The objectives of the project are to improve extension delivery through greater commercial sector engagement with smallholders, and to develop effective land-use agreements between the commercial sector and customary landowners. A core component of the project will be to implement innovative payment systems for productivity-enhancing inputs that accommodate the socio-cultural context of smallholder production.	2008 - 2011	AUD\$744,496.00



<b>AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)</b>					
<b>Activity/modality</b>	<b>Funding Agency</b>	<b>Implementing Partner(s)</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Timeline</b>	<b>Total Budget USD</b>
Improving livelihoods of smallholder families through increased productivity of coffee-based farming systems in the highlands of Papua New Guinea	ACIAR	CSIRO Land and Water, Australia  PNG Coffee Industry Corporation, Papua New Guinea  National Agricultural Research Institute, Papua New Guinea	This project will integrate nutrient management, extension and socioeconomic factors into the examination and analysis of smallholder production. It will adopt a broad and integrated research approach that recognises how coffee production is embedded in agricultural, social, and economic systems that influence the decisions made by smallholder families. The project will first focus on data collection to establish the current situation	2010 - 2013	AUD2,047,112.00
Coffee green scales in Papua New Guinea: Highland arabica coffee and yield loss	ACIAR	PNG Coffee Industry Corporation, Research and Grower Services Division, PNG  Uni of New South Wales, School of Biological, Earth and Env. Sciences		2011 - 2013	AUD199,767.00
Developing aquaculture-based livelihoods in the Pacific islands region and tropical Australia	ACIAR	James Cook University, School of Marine and Tropical Biology, Australia	The overall aim of the project is to support economically, socially and environmentally sustainable aquaculture in the Pacific Islands region, and to assist indigenous aquaculture in tropical Australia. The project will support the SPC's Regional Aquaculture Strategy and supplement the R&D activities of the SPC Aquaculture Action Plan	2007 - 2011	AUD1,229,662.00

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
Increasing production from inland aquaculture in Papua New Guinea for food and income security <a href="http://aciarc.gov.au/project/FIS/2008/023">http://aciarc.gov.au/project/FIS/2008/023</a>	ACIAR	National Fisheries Authority, Department of Employment, Economic Development and Innovation, Australia, Department of Agriculture and Livestock, Highland Aquaculture Development Centre, Ok Tedi Development Foundation, Community Based Health Care, Maria Kwin Training Centre, University of Technology, Brisbane Kanda Inc.	The objectives of this project are to develop aquaculture planning systems for management agencies and improve fish husbandry techniques for primarily small-scale fish farmers in PNG. Focused on the Western, Western Highlands, Eastern Highlands and Morobe Provinces, the project will address the farming requirements of different fish species and environmental challenges. The project builds directly on previous research undertaken with support from ACIAR - one project on land classification for aquaculture development in Indonesia and three others on various aspects of inland aquaculture in PNG.	2010 - 2014	AUD1,700,010.00
Value-adding to Papua New Guinea agroforestry systems <a href="http://aciarc.gov.au/project/FST/2004/050">http://aciarc.gov.au/project/FST/2004/050</a>	ACIAR	Australian National University, School of Resources, Environment and Society, Australia	This project aims to encourage the adoption of commercial-scale high-value tree growing in PNG, developed through a relationship fostered between landowners and selected business partners.	2007 - 2012	AUD912,087.00
Promoting diverse fuel wood production systems in Papua New Guinea	ACIAR	University of Adelaide, School of Agriculture, Food	The main aim of this project is to establish a national fuel wood economy based on woodlots and agroforestry systems. Underpinning objectives are to describe and quantify the national	2008 - 2011	AUD923,079.00

		and Wine, Australia	fuel wood market, to establish in both lowland peri-urban and highland rural regions a range of fuel wood production systems as pilot projects,		
<b>AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)</b>					
<b>Activity/modality</b>	<b>Funding Agency</b>	<b>Implementing Partner(s)</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Timeline</b>	<b>Total Budget USD</b>
			and to establish a community of practice which will ensure the wider adoption and long-term development of fuel wood production. Such a system will enable creation of business opportunities to supply a growing fuel wood market while at the same time providing opportunities to produce other products including seedlings, poles and fodder.		
Increasing downstream value adding in Papua New Guinea's forest and wood products industry	ACIAR	University of Melbourne, Faculty of Land and Food Resources, Australia	The aim of this project is to provide the foundation for a more extensive and more sophisticated domestic timber processing industry in PNG - by exploring the development of various products and designs based on solid wood and veneers, by examining the potential for value chains to integrate advanced processing with production of timber in smallholder agro forestry systems and community-managed secondary forests, and by enhancing capacity in timber processing training, education and R&D.	2008 - 2011	682,816.00
Development of a Papua New Guinea timber industry based on community-based planted forests: design and implementation of a national germplasm delivery system	ACIAR	James Cook University, Agroforestry and Novel Crops Unit, Australia	This project addresses an important constraint to the development of such an industry - the lack of adequate supplies of timber tree germplasm (seeds or planting stock). The germplasm shortage results from a scarcity of accessible, good quality sources as well as difficulties in delivering any available seeds or planting stock from source to end-user. The project team will work in three project hubs to develop a model approach to germplasm	2009 - 2014	AUD1,009,758.00

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
			production and delivery - one suitable for post-project scaling-up (within-hub) and scaling-out (to new hubs). Teak has been selected as the focal species, due principally to its established high commercial value and demand, heightened local interest in its cultivation, and proven suitability to lowland Papua New Guinea conditions. Other socioeconomic and technical constraints will be addressed by companion ACIAR projects FST/2004/050 (addressing socio-economic impediments and plantation management) and FST/2006/120 (enhancing timber processing capability).		
Improving the Papua New Guinea balsa value chain to enhance smallholder livelihoods <a href="http://aciarc.gov.au/project/FST/2009/016">http://aciarc.gov.au/project/FST/2009/016</a>	ACIAR	Australian National University, Fenner School, Australia	The aim of this project is to enhance the value, value recovery and international competitiveness of the PNG balsa industry and, by doing so, to optimise its benefits for smallholder growers. It will address the significant challenges and opportunities identified for the PNG balsa industry in an ACIAR Scoping Study. The project will comprise the following activities: 1) analysis of smallholder livelihoods, decision processes and farming systems; 2) identification and facilitation of smallholder organisation and communication strategies and structures; 3) optimising value recovery in balsa processing, including wood delivery logistics and primary and secondary processing; 4) optimising supply of improved germplasm and crop management for smallholders; 5) development of enabling systems for the	2011 - 2016	954,191.00

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
			certification of PNG smallholder balsa. Project outcomes will enable more informed advice on the outlook & options for strengthening the medium- to long-term global market position of the PNG balsa industry.		
Strategies for using floriculture to improve livelihoods in indigenous Australian and Pacific island communities <a href="http://aciarc.gov.au/project/HORT/2008/011">http://aciarc.gov.au/project/HORT/2008/011</a>	ACIAR	University of Queensland, School of Land, Crop and Food Science, Australia	This project will develop & evaluate strategies for improving indigenous livelihoods through development of floricultural activities and enterprises. Its major objectives are: 1) to characterise under-realised & novel floriculture business potential, analysing enterprise & associated value-chain arrangements & opportunities for improving livelihoods; 2) to provide new & improved products & practices to nascent floriculture enterprises, fostering their evaluation & adoption; 3) to strengthen floriculture enterprises (by building horticultural & business skills) & to foster a positive environment for their development.	2010 - 2014	AUD1,303,640.00
Management of potato late blight in Papua New Guinea <a href="http://aciarc.gov.au/project/PC/2003/029">http://aciarc.gov.au/project/PC/2003/029</a>	ACIAR	Department of Primary Industries, Victoria, Knoxfield Centre, Australia	This program builds on research & extension activities started in an AusAID ACNRS project mngt potato late blight in PNG (2004). The objectives of the current project are to introduce, multiply, evaluate and deploy late blight resistant clonal material into PNG and to develop safe, cost effective integrated late blight management strategies for existing & new potato cultivars and ultimately to rehabilitate potato production for smallholders.	2004 - 2011	AUD1,028,108.00

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
Biological control of "mile-a-minute" ( <i>Mikania micrantha</i> ) in Papua New Guinea and Fiji  <a href="http://aciarc.gov.au/project/PC/2004/064">http://aciarc.gov.au/project/PC/2004/064</a>	ACIAR	Department of Employment, Economic Development and Innovation, Australia	Food production, both of estate crops (sugarcane, vanilla, cocoa, coconuts, banana, coffee, kava and palm oil) and in food gardens (taro, papaya and green vegetables) is important for smallholder incomes. This is particularly the case in Papua New Guinea, Fiji and Samoa. Two species of weeds, 'mile-a-minute' and 'giant sensitive plant' threaten these enterprises. Both are invasive weeds, widespread through each country, and capable of smothering food crops. Yields can be significantly reduced, affecting food security. Manual and chemical controls are too expensive for most farmers. Biological control, established through the identification and release of natural weed predators will be evaluated, based on known agents trialed or in use elsewhere.	2006 - 2011	AUD701,993.00
The use of pathogen tested planting materials to improve sustainable sweet potato production in Solomon Is and PNG  <a href="http://aciarc.gov.au/project/PC/2005/134">http://aciarc.gov.au/project/PC/2005/134</a>	ACIAR	International Potato Center, East and Southeast Asia and the Pacific Regional Office, Indonesia	This project will describe and evaluate sweet potato seed supply systems, introduce and evaluate improved varieties, then introduce, refine and disseminate technologies for improved supply systems of sweet potato seed for small holders practising low-input agriculture.	2006 - 2011	AUD849,742.00
Managing cocoa pod borer in PNG through improved risk incursion management	ACIAR	CAB International, Southeast Asia Regional Centre, Malaysia	The project will assist PNG to effectively implement systematic and long-term pod borer management through enhancing stakeholder knowledge and awareness, strengthening surveillance and monitoring efforts, development of pragmatic	2008 - 2011	AUD704,300.00

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
capabilities, IPM strategies and stakeholder participatory training			resource-matched and location-specific integrated pest management programs, and development of farmer participatory training and research.		
The control of basal stem rot of oil palm caused by Ganoderma in Solomon Islands  <a href="http://aciar.gov.au/project/PC/2007/039">http://aciar.gov.au/project/PC/2007/039</a>	ACIAR	University of Queensland, School of Land, Crop and Food Sciences, Australia	This project will implement and monitor a short-term control program amongst smallholders in Solomon Islands, and establish progeny trials to identify suitable seed lines for planting in a high-risk environment. It will also determine the most appropriate cultural methods to minimize disease levels in subsequent planting cycles. The scientists predict implementation of a short-term control program within 2 years, and selection of more appropriate planting techniques within 6 years. In 5-10 years, with the most susceptible progeny identified and eliminated from breeding programs, more suitable (disease resistant) material will be available for replanting. The results from this research will be applicable throughout the Pacific region as well as in the major areas of oil palm cultivation in Southeast Asia.	2009 - 2013	AUD817,373.00
Incursion prevention and management of coffee berry borer (CBB) in Papua New Guinea (PNG) and Indonesia (South Sulawesi and Papua)	ACIAR	CABI South East and East Asia, Malaysia	This project aims to prepare stakeholders in Sulawesi, Papua and PNG to manage and prevent incursion of CBB and thus ensure continued productivity of coffee plantings. This will come from enhanced stakeholder knowledge/awareness of CBB, strengthening surveillance/monitoring efforts for CBB management and incursion detection, and building up the capacity and institutional framework for CBB bio-security management. Coffee is the major agricultural export commodity	2008 - 2013	AUD1,014,062.00

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
<a href="http://aciarc.gov.au/project/PC/2007/111">http://aciarc.gov.au/project/PC/2007/111</a>			for PNG and a major source of cash to smallholders, thus any success in delaying the invasion of new zones by CBB will have a great economic impact.		
Validating and documenting a strategy for producing virus-free sweetpotato planting material in Papua New Guinea  <a href="http://aciarc.gov.au/project/PC/2010/026">http://aciarc.gov.au/project/PC/2010/026</a>	ACAIR	Department of Employment, Economic Development and Innovation, Australia	The objectives of the project are to complete the validation and documentation of the protocol for thermotherapy of viruses and to establish trials to estimate the rate of virus re-infection under farm conditions. The work will also build skills in virus thermotherapy and indexing techniques within a NARI team.	2010 - 2011	AUD99,997.00
Soil fertility management in the Papua New Guinea highlands for sweet potato based cropping systems  <a href="http://aciarc.gov.au/project/SMCN/2004/067">http://aciarc.gov.au/project/SMCN/2004/067</a>	ACIAR	University of Queensland, School of Land and Food Sciences, Australia	This project will assess and quantify soil and water processes in Highland soils, work with farmers to develop and implement improved nutrient and water management options for sweet potato-based cropping systems (with a focus on existing indigenous soil management systems), and enhance PNG's soil research capacity.	2007 - 2012	AUD1,166,273.00



AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
<p>Increasing vegetable production in Central Province, Papua New Guinea to supply Port Moresby markets</p> <p><a href="http://aciarc.gov.au/project/SMCN/2008/008">http://aciarc.gov.au/project/SMCN/2008/008</a></p>	ACIAR	Tasmanian Institute of Agricultural Research, Vegetable Centre, Australia	This project will identify and address vegetable supply chain priorities in Central Province, to equip communities so they can take advantage of this opportunity to enter the temperate vegetable market and thus improve their socioeconomic position in a sustainable manner	2010 - 2013	AUD2,006,560.00
<p>Sustainable management of soil and water resources for oil palm production systems in Papua New Guinea</p> <p><a href="http://aciarc.gov.au/project/SMCN/2009/013">http://aciarc.gov.au/project/SMCN/2009/013</a></p>	ACIAR	James Cook University, Earth and Environmental Sciences, Australia	This project will develop and implement meaningful, practical environmental sustainability indicators for soil and water resources, underpinning the principles and criteria of the Round Table on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO) in which all PNG palm oil producers participate. Broad aims of the project are: a) to identify the main risks then develop options for managing them, as a means of ensuring that smallholder oil palm growers sustainably use soil and water resources; b) to implement/establish management practices that ensure sustainable use of these resources; c) to develop indicators to assess performance and guide management, complementary to the RSPO. The project will contribute to environmental accreditation, which is essential for the long-term viability of the palm oil industry	2010 - 2013	AUD887,500.00

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
Formulation of a Framework for Improving the Agricultural Statistical System	FAO		To develop an agricultural sector statistical master plan to improve the agricultural statistical system in Papua New Guinea.	2009 - 2011	82,247
Assessment, Utilisation and Management of Enhanced Inland Fisheries	FAO				
Improving Forest Governance	FAO				
Preparation of PNG country report on Forest Genetic resources	FAO		To prepare national report on status of forest genetic resource in Papua New Guinea	2011 - 2012	85,080
Promoting sustainable forest management by developing effective systems of forest planning, monitoring and control in Papua New Guinea	FAO	PNG Forest Authority, Ministry of Forestry	To improve forest harvesting practices to limit degradation to PNG's forests (i) Review the Logging Code of Practice (LCOP) regulatory system (ii) Strengthen institutional capacity to carry out efficient and effective planning, monitoring and enforcement of the LCOP (iii) Develop and carry out accredited training courses (including train-the-trainers courses) for effective implementation of the LCOP (iv) Finalise, disseminate (through training) and implement a monitoring protocol for assessing and reporting on the compliance and effectiveness of the LCOP	2010 - 2013	1,078,949
			(v) Review procedures for enforcement of the national LCOP, and facilitate processes for strengthening enforcement capacity		
Community Based FLEGT Initiative, Madang Papua New Guinea	FAO	Foundation for People and Community Devp Inc.(FPCD)	Community based FLEGT initiatives	TBC	133,800

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
Community aquaculture project development	FAO		To improve and sustain mullet production in Loniu Community, Manus Province, Papua New Guinea Expected outputs: Assessment on the status and impact of mullet fishing and resources to date in Loniu Community, Manus Province Recommendation on mullet culture development, activities and project Organization of a stakeholder consultation meeting Recommendation on appropriate technology packages and preliminary outline designs for mullet farming in Loniu community, Manus Province Draft TCP project proposal on mullet production in Loniu Community, Manus Province, Papua New Guinea	2011 - 2012	20,426
Review of National Food Security Policy	FAO	TBC		TBC	TBC
UN-REDD - National Joint Programme	FAO	TBC		TBC	6,388,884
Capacity Development on Forest Resource Monitoring for Addressing Climate Change in Papua New Guinea	JICA			2011 - 2014	
Bris Kanda Project	NZAID		To build partnerships between rural communities and effective service providers to achieve identified business and income generating priorities	2007-2017	

CLIMATE CHANGE – RESPONSES AND ADAPTATION; DISASTER PREPAREDNESS					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
PNG Energy Development Project	GEF	IBRD - World Bank / Department of Petroleum & Energy	The overall development objective of the WB-supported PNG Energy Development Project is to develop the electricity sector framework and investment preparation activities to facilitate investment for strengthened, expanded, sustainable electricity supply. The objective of the GEF-financed component is to provide the enabling framework and support information exchange and consensus-building, including policy, strategy and information on opportunities, essential to launch a national effort on development of renewable energy-based mini-grids.	2010	900,000

ENVIRONMENT – LAND MANAGEMENT, RESOURCE CONSERVATION / REHABILITATION					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Agency	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
Port Moresby Sewerage System Upgrading Project	JICA			2010 - ?	

IMPROVED BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT, BROADER BASED ECONOMIC GROWTH					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
Pilot Boarder Trade and Investment Development Project	ADB	Ministry of Commerce & Industry	The Project will remove the infrastructure bottleneck along the northern transport corridor connecting West Sepik Province (WSP) of Papua New Guinea and Papua Province of Indonesia, and improve the investment environment in WSP to enable WSP to capture trade opportunities for development. It will finance (i) the border facilities at Wutung, (ii) consulting services for project implementation and construction supervision, (iii) capacity development, and (iv) a social development program including HIV/AIDS prevention.	2009 - 2018	25,000,000
Microfinance Expansion Project	ADB	Bank of Papua New Guinea	The Project will support the further development of the microfinance sector in Papua New Guinea (PNG) through an integrated package of support, including six outputs. Outputs 1, 2 and 3 will strengthen the capacity of the microfinance industry to provide financial services to a broader cross-	2010 - 2018	13,000,000

IMPROVED BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT, BROADER BASED ECONOMIC GROWTH					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
			<p>section of the community and strengthen the capacity of its clients and potential clients to utilize these financial services. Output 4 will provide appropriate regulation for, and supervision of, microfinance institutions (MFI) and savings and loan societies (SLS) through the Bank of PNG (BPNG). Output 5 will seek to increase lending to micro and small enterprises (MSE) to increase rural income generation. Output 6 will provide efficient and effective project management services to the Project. As a result participating financial institutions (PFIs) throughout PNG, which will be identified through a series of institutional assessments, will be better able to provide profitable, appropriate, reliable and safe financial services to financially literate clients and capable businesses.</p>		

NUTRITIONAL HEALTH, FOOD SAFETY, WATER & SANITATION					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
Community Water Transport Project	ADB	Department of Transport	The Project is to: (i) directly reduce poverty of the marginalized and remote	2004 - 2012	19,000,000
NUTRITIONAL HEALTH, FOOD SAFETY, WATER & SANITATION					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
			maritime and river-based communities by eliminating the constraints to delivery of affordable transport systems and by releasing the potential of community water transport through reinforcing the linkages between transport and poverty reduction, and (ii) support implementation of effective sector governance through establishment of the NMSA. The Project scope includes (i) establishing a Community Water Transport Fund (CWTF) that finances the required water transport subsidy; (ii) restoring water transport infrastructure; (iii) improving small-craft safety; (iv) maximizing utilization of water		

			transport through community support services; (v) implementing maritime sector reforms and establishing the NMSA; and (vi) providing project management services.		
--	--	--	---	--	--

NUTRITIONAL HEALTH, FOOD SAFETY, WATER & SANITATION					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
Rural Water Supply and Sanitation Project Phase 2	EU / EC	non-state actors included in the implementation	Improving the condition of women by reducing drudgery of long distance search for water and protection against primary diseases	2008-2012	26,180,000

9. PALAU

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Agency	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
The Capacity Enhancement Project for Coral Reef Monitoring	JICA			2009 - 2012	
<b>Agriculture Census</b>	FAO	TBC		TBC	TBC
Sisbangu Organization - Market Improvement	FAO	TBC		TBC	TBC



**CLIMATE CHANGE – RESPONSES AND ADAPTATION; DISASTER PREPAREDNESS**

<b>Activity/modality</b>	<b>Funding Agency</b>	<b>Implementing Partner(s)</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Timeline</b>	<b>Total Budget USD</b>
Sustainable Economic Development through Renewable Energy Applications (SEDREA)	GEF	UNDP	The project aims facilitation of the reduction of fossil fuel consumption in power generation through the widespread application of RETs to meet household electricity needs and provide rural energy services in the country's outer islands.	2005 - 2012	1,000,000

**NUTRITIONAL HEALTH, FOOD SAFETY, WATER & SANITATION**

<b>Activity/modality</b>	<b>Funding Agency</b>	<b>Implementing Partner(s)</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Timeline</b>	<b>Total Budget USD</b>
Sanitation Sector Development Project	ADB	Min. of Public Infrastructure, Industries, & Comm	The TA will: (i) prepare a fully costed and prioritized sanitation master plan for the Koror and Airai area, and (ii) develop an investment project incorporating high priority components identified in the sanitation master plan. The Sanitation Sector development Project will benefit from the preparatory assessments already undertaken by the Babeldaob Water Supply Project PPTA and will compliment the creation of a water supply and sanitation utility with capacity development in sanitation and the sewerage operations.	2009	700,000
Koroi-Arai Sanitation Project	ADB	Min. of Public Infrastructure, Industries, & Comm	This TA was identified in the 2009–2013 Country Partnership Strategy, as Strategy Objective 3, <i>To deliver safe and reliable water and sanitation services to Palauans</i> . Sewerage collection and treatment infrastructure investment is the second highest infrastructure priority in Palau and is identified as one of the top five priorities for the <i>Palau Medium Term Development Strategy 2009-2014, Actions for the Future</i> .	2012	11,000,000
Water Sector Improvement Programme	ADB	Ministry of Finance	Improved national water resource planning, water conservation, and strengthening of environmental quality control regulations relating to water abstraction and sewerage outflow are expected to yield positive environmental outcomes. The Program will improve climate resilience of Palau's water resources.	2010 - 2015	16,000,000

## 10. SAMOA

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
Improving Value and Marketability of Coconut Wood Project Sub-regional Project	ACIAR	MAF & Strickland Bros. Ltd SPC Department Forests Fiji	Develop manufacturing of coconut wood flooring for international markets	01/05/07-30/04/2010	474,000
Integrated Pest Management in Sustainable Production System for Brassica Sub-regional Project	ACIAR	MAF SPC Queensland DPI & F	Develop integrated pest management package for diamondback moth	01/07/05-30/06/2010	527,625
Evaluation of the Impact of Dasheen Mosaic Virus on and other Viruses on Taro Yield sub-regional Project	ACIAR	SPC USP MAF, Fiji	Evaluate yield gains from using virus-free planting materials including cost-benefit analysis.	01/06/07-31/05/2010	136,258
Pacific Agribusiness Research for Development Initiative  <a href="http://aciarc.gov.au/project/PC/2008/044">http://aciarc.gov.au/project/PC/2008/044</a>	ACIAR	University of Queensland, Queensland Alliance for Agriculture and Food Innovation, Australia	This project will study issues particularly affecting food production and agricultural sector development. These include isolation from key growth markets and limited coordination of supply chains. There is a growing presence of internationally supported economic development programs that address some of these issues in the region; this project, involving ACIAR's Pacific Agribusiness Research for Development Initiative (PARDI), will complement that work with a focus on research for development to underpin the competitiveness of targeted high-value agriculture, fisheries and forestry products.	2010 - 2015	AUD9,990,030.00

**AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)**

Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
<p>Improving soil health in support of sustainable development in the Pacific</p> <p><a href="http://aciar.gov.au/project/PC/2009/003">http://aciar.gov.au/project/PC/2009/003</a></p>	ACIAR	Secretariat of the Pacific Community, Fiji	<p>This project is built on the lessons learned during the DSAP and the SRA. It has three objectives:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. To elucidate crop production and related soil health problems at specific pilot sites and develop physical, chemical and biological indicators underpinning an integrated approach to improving soil management;</li> <li>2. To evaluate 'best-bet' soil improvement practices for sustaining intensive Pacific crop production;</li> <li>3. To increase the understanding of soil health concepts (including physical, chemical and biological processes) among smallholder horticulture producers and their service providers and enhance their capacity to apply these concepts for sustained productivity</li> </ol>	2011 - 2015	AUD1,497,891
<p>Capacity building in organic farming and processing of organically certified and Fair Trade labelled agricultural produce for local and export niche markets</p>	FAO	WIBDI	<p>The project aims to build the capacity of the Non-governmental Organization (NGO) Women in Business Development Inc. to be able to further support the development of the growing organic industry in Samoa, and to further facilitate the training and nurturing of organic farmers and processors in Samoa, to gain organic and fair trade certification to international standards, while enabling an environment where these farmers can export their products to the available niche markets. It will build on the existing programme which offers small rural farmers the opportunities to grow appropriate crops for export and to set up a facility to further prepare and add value to the products prior to being exported, primarily to an organic company in New Zealand and in the long term to other niche export markets</p>	2009 - 2011	230,000

**AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)**

<b>Activity/modality</b>	<b>Funding Agency</b>	<b>Implementing Partner(s)</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Timeline</b>	<b>Budget USD</b>
Emergency Assistance to Support the Recovery of Agriculture and Fisheries Livelihoods Systems of Tsunami Affected Families in Samoa	FAO	MAF	The project aims at complementing the recovery activities for agriculture and fisheries-based livelihood activities of the tsunami-affected households in the 21 villages affected by making provisions for agricultural inputs for production, support for land preparation for the relocated households, fisheries gear and equipment, traditional fishing canoes and rehabilitation of giant clam nurseries.	2010 - 2011	259,000
Rapid Vegetative Propagation of Taro Planting Material ( <i>Colocasia esculenta</i> )	FAO			TBC	TBC
Forest Preservation Programme	JICA	MNRE	To promote REDD-plus activity by upgrading the existing facilities and equipment as well as strengthening the climate resilience of the MNRE.	2010 - 2012	3.67m
Alia Fishing vessel with sailing rig in Samoa	FAO		To design a new Alia fishing vessel with a sailing rig in Samoa	2011	70,600
Technical assistance to facilitate implementation of egg standard in Samoa	FAO	MCIL		TBC	TBC
Review of Biosecurity act 2005 to include export control bill	FAO	MAF	to review and revise the existing Export Control Bill and to consider whether it should be merged with the Quarantine (Biosecurity) Act 2005. Identify and modify provisions of the Bill in accordance with developments in trade and export control that Samoa may need to comply with	2011	87,247

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
Improvement and Diversification of Taro Crop (Colocasia) to be Phytophthora-fungi resistant	FAO			TBC	TBC
Samoa Aquaculture Project Development	FAO	MAF	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. review national fisheries policy, management, development and strategic plan</li> <li>2. Collect information on proposed project on development of national mariculture hatchery facilities under FSSLP</li> <li>3. Recommend appropriate technology packages and preliminary outline designs for the proposed mariculture facilities</li> <li>4. Provide detailed specifications for materials, supplies and equipment, construction layouts and estimated costs required for the establishment of mariculture hatchery facilities</li> <li>5. consult with Fisheries Division on culture systems of tilapia (<i>Oreochromis niloticus</i>), freshwater prawn (<i>Macrobrachium rosenbergii</i>) and milkfish (<i>Chanos chanos</i>), as well as other potential aquaculture commodities (e.g. sea cucumber, rabbit fish, grouper, mud crab)</li> <li>6. Recommend on how planned aquaculture development, activities and projects should be designed to further improve its effectiveness, development impact and sustainability</li> <li>7. Recommend on whether current level of funding allocated for aquaculture development is sufficient to further improve sustainable aquaculture development in Samoa</li> <li>8. Prepare recommendations for necessary actions by the Fisheries Division and private sector required for sustainable aquaculture development in Samoa</li> </ol>	2011	18,029

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
Vegetable Production Project	FAO	MAF	to increase income and self contained food production for the Youths and their families involved to improve nutrition for the good health of the families and the villages to demonstrate to the community how to grow and maintain vegetables production to educate the youth in the basic skills of running a small business	2010 – 2011	5,976
Small scale commercial piggery at Tamapua	FAO	MAF	To further enhance the capacity of the Blackelock Cooperative Piggery Farm to have food security, generate income, undertake a business venture that will enable members to participate and learn new farm rearing, management and business skills.	2010 - 2011	10,000
Small scale commercial piggery	FAO	MAF	To further enhance the capacity of the Lotosoa Association to have food security, generate income, undertake a business venture that will enable members to participate and learn new farm rearing, management and business skills. It is an employment creation venture for the unemployed youth and if successful and marketed properly it can assist towards our foreign income generation.	2010 - 2011	8,909
Small scale commercial fishing	FAO	MAF	The overall objective of the project is to support food security and income generation while promoting nutrition diet of the community through small scale fishing activities.	2010 - 2011	8,602
Semi commercial banana production	FAO	MAF	To extend the banana farm and maximize production to attain economies of size. To strengthen and generate income in order to maintain a stable livelihood. To be self-reliant in order to continue in a sustainable way. To exchange skills in farming through training and information	2010 - 2011	7,023
proposal for a small scale commercial piggery at Afega	FAO	MAF	To further enhance the capacity of the Asotau Farm Group to achieve food security, generate income, undertaken a business venture that will enable members to participate and learn new farm rearing, management and business skills. It is an employment creation venture for the unemployed youth and if successful and marketed properly, it can assist towards our foreign income generation	2010 - 2011	10,000

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
Tilitilimai piggery	FAO	MAF	To improve the standard of living through the establishment of a small-scale piggery farm. To ensure food security of society families and our village community.	2010 - 2011	9,400
Fishing equipment for deep water fishing	FAO	MAF	The overall objective of the project is to make the fishing association more independent and self-sufficient through the establishment of fishing enterprise. The specific objectives are: 1) To purchase needed fishing equipment; 2) To enhance the family income of fisherfolks 3) To improve on nutrition values of fishermen diets	2010 - 2011	10,000
Samoa Agriculture Competitiveness Enhancement Project	World Bank	MAF	The Project development objective would be that fruit and vegetable growers and livestock producers improve productivity and take greater advantage of market opportunities.	2012	16,000,000

CLIMATE CHANGE - RESPONSES AND ADAPTATIONS; DISASTER PREPAREDNESS					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Agency	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
Integrating Climate Change Risks in the Agriculture and Health Sectors	GEF	UNDP/MNRE/MAF/NHS	Integrating Climate Change Risks in the Agriculture and Health Sectors (ICCRA&HS) will help the Government of Samoa develop an integrated approach to address climate change impacts in these sectors. The project will achieve the following goal and overall objective: Goal: To safeguard human development in Samoa from the risks associated with climate change. Overall Objective: Increase the resilience and adaptive capacity of Samoan	2009 - 2012	2,100,100

CLIMATE CHANGE - RESPONSES AND ADAPTATIONS; DISASTER PREPAREDNESS					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Agency	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
			coastal communities to climate change impacts on agricultural production and public health.		
Integration of Climate Change Risks and Resilience into Forestry Management in Samoa	GEF	UNDP/MNRE	Integration of Climate Change Risks and Resilience into Forestry Management in Samoa (ICRIFS) aims to increase the resilience and adaptive capacity of Samoa's forest areas and dependent communities to the threat of climate change.	2011 - 2015	2,500,000
Enhancing the resilience of tourism-reliant communities to climate change risks	GEF	UNDP/STA/MNRE	Increase the resilience of the tourism sector of Samoa through mainstreaming climate risks into tourism-related policy processes and adaptation actions in coastal communities and tourism operators	2010	2,000,000
Programme for improving weather forecasting systems and meteorological facilities	JICA	MNRE	To improve Samoa's capacity for the meteorological observation, weather forecasting and early warnings to tackle meteorological disasters and adopt Climate Change in Samoa in upgrading the weather climate observation forecasting and information dissemination systems	2009 - 2013	9.18m
Samoa Community-Centered Sustainable Development Program (CCSDP)	UNDP	MWCSD	The Community-Centred Sustainable Development Programme (CCSDP) is a community-centred Joint Government of the Cook Islands, Niue, Samoa and Tokelau/UN initiative that enables community members to organize for collective action, by pooling resources and building solidarity towards resolving common problems and achieving a shared vision for community advancement.	2008 - 2012	500,000
Enhancing Climate Resilience for West Coast Road	World Bank	MNRE/LTA	The focus of this project is on increasing the climate change resilience of the Samoa road network, starting with the most important road corridor in the country.	2011 - 2012	17,600,000
Samoa Post Tsunami Reconstruction	World Bank	MNRE/MWTI/SAA	To assist the Government of Samoa (GOS) in its efforts to support the relocation and rehabilitation of communities living in the island of Upolu	2010 - 2013	11,790,000



			affected by the tsunami of September 29, 2009, through the provision of improved infrastructure access to relocation sites; enhanced transport infrastructure, and assistance to local communities to address future natural disasters.		
--	--	--	---	--	--

ENVIRONMENT – LAND MANAGEMENT, RESOURCE CONSERVATION/REHABILITATION					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Agency	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
Project for enhancing management capacity for national parks and reserves of Samoa	JICA	MNRE	To ensure that national parks and national reserves are appropriately managed to conserve ecosystems	2007 - 2010	2.32m
Samoa's Capacity Building and Mainstreaming of Sustainable Land Management	GEF	UNDP/MNRE	This project proposes to address desertification and land management through institutional and organizational frames pinning the legal and political facets of natural resource management.	2005 - 2012	500,000
Samoa's Capacity Building and Mainstreaming of Sustainable Land Management	UNDP	MNRE	This project proposes to address desertification and land management through institutional and organizational frames pinning the legal and political facets of natural resource management.	2005 - 2012	500,000

IMPROVED BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT, BROADER BASED ECONOMIC GROWTH					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
Promoting Economic Use of Customary Land Phase II (TA)	ADB	Ministry of Finance	The TA will support the economic development of customary land with a continued emphasis on leasing and exploring options for customary land development by landowners. The TA will support the implementation of three priority areas identified in the PIP: (i)	2010 – 2012	500,000

			national coordination of customary land stakeholders, (ii) capacity building to support customary land administration reforms, and (iii) effective community advocacy. The Government will implement reforms in the remaining PIP		
--	--	--	---	--	--

IMPROVED BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT, BROADER BASED ECONOMIC GROWTH					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
			areas, either through budget support or in collaboration with other development partners.		
Private Sector Review (TA)	ADB	MCIL	Review of Private Sector related legislation.	2011 - 2012	

NUTRITIONAL HEALTH, FOOD SAFETY, WATER & SANITATION					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
Sanitation and Drainage Project (Closing)	ADB	Ministry of Finance	The project preparatory technical assistance (PPTA) will prepare a national sanitation master plan addressing the policies, standards, and guidelines for the development of sustainable wastewater systems throughout Samoa, and an integrated, fully costed, and prioritized water supply, sanitation, and drainage master plan for the greater Apia area. An investment project will be developed under the PPTA. Delivery of the project is envisaged to be through a sector approach with core and candidate subprojects from components identified in the integrated water supply, sanitation, and drainage master plan for Apia.	2009	600,000
Community Sanitation Project	ADB	Ministry of Finance	Poor households in targeted areas have Sustainable access to improved sanitation Targeted sanitation scheme established and operational Septic tanks and other improved sanitation systems	2012 -	N/A

--	--	--	--	--	--

NUTRITIONAL HEALTH, FOOD SAFETY, WATER & SANITATION					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
			constructed and maintained Community awareness of sanitation, hygiene, and septic tank maintenance raised Sanitation scheme is financially and technically sustainable		
Water resources SWAp (budget support)	EU/EC	MoF, MoH, MNRE, SWA	Water sector support programme phase 2	2009-2013	35,340,000
Water & Sanitation Sector Policy Support Programme I & II	EU/EC	MoF, MoH, MNRE, SWA	Water sector support programme phase 2	2010 - 2016	EUR40m
Civil Society Support Programme	EU/EC	MoF, AusAid	Empower Civil Society Organisations at both national and local level to contribute to inclusive socio economic development	2011 – 2015	EUR3m
Technical Cooperation Facility	EU/EC	MoF	Support EU Development Programme in Samoa	2008 - 2015	EUR1.8m
TA (Health SWAp) Pooled Funding (Closing)	World Bank	MoF, MoH	Review Nutrition Policy		24,000

11. SOLOMON ISLANDS

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
Integrated Crop Management packages for Sustainable Smallholder Gardens Project	ACIAR	MAL, Don Bosco Technical Institute Rural training Center, Kastom Garden Association, Vois Blong Mere, Farmset Ltd. PNG, NSW DPI	To improve and increase vegetable production by addressing technological, informational, and skill needs of smallholder vegetable farmers	2007-2011	693,158

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
Developing inland aquaculture in Solomon Islands	ACIAR	WorldFish Center, Malaysia		2011 - 2015	AUD1,150,002 .00
Strategies for using floriculture to improve livelihoods in indigenous Australian and Pacific island communities	ACIAR	University of Queensland, School of Land, Crop and Food Science, Australia	This project will develop and evaluate strategies for improving indigenous livelihoods through development of floricultural activities and enterprises. Its major objectives are: 1) to characterise under-realised and novel floriculture business potential, analysing enterprise and associated value-chain arrangements and opportunities for improving livelihoods; 2) to provide new and improved products and practices to nascent floriculture enterprises, fostering their evaluation and adoption; 3) to strengthen floriculture enterprises (by building horticultural	2010 - 2014	AUD1,303,640 .00

			and business skills) and to foster a positive environment for their development.		
Integrated crop management package for sustainable smallholder gardens in Solomon Islands	ACIAR	The World Vegetable Center, Taiwan	This project aims to address the technological, informational, and skill needs of these farmers and help to integrate their activities into the domestic market. Increasing production of vegetable crops has the potential to increase aggregate income to smallholders by up to \$5 million per year.	2007 - 2011	AUD844,649.00
Improving silvicultural and economic outcomes for community timber plantations in the Solomon Islands by interplanting with <i>Flueggea flexuosa</i> and other Pacific agroforestry species	ACIAR	Griffith University, Centre for Forestry and Horticultural Research, Australia	This project aims to develop agroforestry systems, suitable for smallholders, based on wider final-crop spacing of teak or rosewood, and row interplanting with tree species that could be harvested as a commercial crop at an earlier age. This will address the silvicultural problems that have become evident as a result of grower reluctance to thin pre-commercially. The project will also investigate high value products from small sized logs of teak, rosewood and interplanted species. Based on some quite conservative assumptions, annual yield from the teak component alone of a realistic 20,000 hectare estate would be 200,000 cubic metres with a Free On Board value of US\$90 million.	2008 - 2012	AUD1,099,750.00

**AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)**

<b>Activity/modality</b>	<b>Funding Agency</b>	<b>Implementing Partner(s)</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Timeline</b>	<b>Budget USD</b>
The use of pathogen tested planting materials to improve sustainable sweet potato production in Solomon Islands and Papua New Guinea	ACIAR	International Potato Center, East and Southeast Asia and the Pacific Regional Office, Indonesia	This project will describe and evaluate sweet potato seed supply systems, introduce and evaluate improved varieties, then introduce, refine and disseminate technologies for improved supply systems of sweet potato seed for small holders practicing low-input agriculture.	2006 - 2011	849,742.00
The control of basal stem rot of oil palm caused by Ganoderma in Solomon Islands	ACIAR	University of Queensland, School of Land, Crop and Food Sciences, Australia	This project will implement and monitor a short-term control program amongst smallholders in Solomon Islands, and establish progeny trials to identify suitable seed lines for planting in a high-risk environment. It will also determine the most appropriate cultural methods to minimise disease levels in subsequent planting cycles. The scientists predict implementation of a short-term control program within 2 years, and selection of more appropriate planting techniques within 6 years. In 5-10 years, with the most susceptible progeny identified and eliminated from breeding programs, more suitable (disease resistant) material will be available for replanting. The results from this research will be applicable throughout the Pacific region as well as in the major areas of oil palm cultivation in Southeast Asia	2009 - 2013	AUD817,373.00

**ENVIRONMENT – LAND MANAGEMENT, RESOURCE CONSERVATION/REHABILITATION**

<b>Activity/modality</b>	<b>Funding Agency</b>	<b>Implementing Partner(s)</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Timeline</b>	<b>Budget USD</b>
Conservation and natural resource management <sup>1</sup>	UNDP		Develop a mechanism for community-led resource management for biodiversity conservation		

**NUTRITIONAL HEALTH, FOOD SAFETY, WATER & SANITATION**

<b>Activity/modality</b>	<b>Funding Agency</b>	<b>Implementing Partner(s)</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Timeline</b>	<b>Budget USD</b>
Training for national rural rice development program field staff	FAO	MAF	To enhance the rice field staff's and selected progressive farmers knowledge, skills and performance in rice production and technology promotion, and to update them on the principles and practices of the integrated rice crop management. It is design to develop a core of rice specialists who will lead in implementing the training and extension components of the NRRDP	2011 - 2012	244,000
Raising awareness on Reducing Emissions from Deforestation and Forest Degradation (REDD) and illegal logging	FAO			TBC	TBC
UN-REDD Solomon Islands Programme: Support to Initial Readiness	FAO	Ministry of Environment, Climate Change, Disaster	The Objective of this initial UN-REDD programme is to establish the necessary institutional and individual capacities required to develop full REDD+	2011 - 2012	total: 550,000 (FAO, in-

<sup>1</sup> Page 218 of 2008 Mapping Study

**NUTRITIONAL HEALTH, FOOD SAFETY, WATER & SANITATION**

<b>Activity/modality</b>	<b>Funding Agency</b>	<b>Implementing Partner(s)</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Timeline</b>	<b>Budget USD</b>
		Management and Meteorology	readiness in the Solomon Islands Outcome 1: REDD+ readiness supported by effective, inclusive and participatory management processes. Outcome 2: REDD+ stakeholders have a comprehensive understanding of the potential benefits and risks associated with REDD+. Outcome 3: Preliminary capacity developed for REL formulation and MRV.		kind: 135,000)
Improving Forest Governance in the Solomon Islands through the Development of a Multi-stakeholder Action Plan Process	FAO	Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Meteorology	Capacity building / training support		135,000
Improving community-based forest management for sustainable livelihoods and a cleaner environment	FAO	Tetepare Descendants' Association	Community based FLEGT initiatives		104,326
The Project for Improvement of Water Supply System in Honiara and Auki	JICA			2009 - ?	
Technical Assistance Food Policy <sup>2</sup>	WHO		To establish a National Policy on food imports and certification.	2008-2009	

<sup>2</sup> Page 217 OF 2008 Mapping Study



## 12. TONGA

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
Tongan tropical fruit production - improving genetic diversity and production capacity building	ACIAR	Secretariat of the Pacific Community, Regional Germplasm Centre, Fiji	This project aims to increase the production, productivity and technical capacity of the Tongan tropical fruits industry with an emphasis on the local market. Activities include introduction of new improved cultivars of tropical fruits both from repositories and collections currently in the country and from a range of new tropical fruit species from Australia. This will take place along with development of production packages and improvements in the capacity of Tongans to propagate, produce, harvest, package and market fruit.	2008 - 2011	AUD399,984.00
Heat Treatment Facility Support (current)	NZAID	Ministry of Agriculture	To contribute to the operational and capital costs of the forced-air heat treatment facility.	2009 - ?	?
Emergency Assistance to Support the Recovery of Agriculture and Fisheries Livelihoods Systems of Tsunami Affected Families in Niuaotupapu Island in Tonga	FAO	MAF	The project aims at complementing the recovery activities for agriculture- and fisheries-based livelihood activities of the 228 tsunami affected households by providing agricultural inputs for productions, support for land preparation, fishing gear and equipments and fishing boats. The immediate objective of the project is to provide required agriculture inputs, tools and tree crop seedlings, root crop planting materials, fishing gear and equipment and fishing boats to the 228 tsunami affected households in the island of Niuaotupapu	2010 - 2011	275,000

**AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)**

Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
A Rapid Situation Assessment of Migration and its impact on agriculture and rural development in Tonga	FAO	MAF	Preparation of an analytical framework for policy analysis and programme development to address issues related to migration and sustainable food security, agriculture and rural development and in developing the possible future programme/project intervention for FAO and its relevant partners, with focus on identifying the gap in information and data necessary for policy analysis and programme/project development.	2010 - 2011	41,035
Strengthening Floriculture Development in the Kingdom Of Tonga Through the Use of Disease-free Planting Materials for Income Generating and Food Security	FAO	Ministry of Agriculture and Food, Forestry and Fisheries	<p>Development Objective : Strengthening floriculture development for farmers and women village groups for income generating and food security in the Kingdom of Tonga is the main development objective of the assistance.</p> <p>Immediate Objectives:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To strengthen farmers' knowledge / skills on ornamental management, disease free planting materials and uplift quality standards of flowers for the local market (tourism) and income generation for food security in the Kingdom.</li> <li>To develop, through training, floristry in Tonga to support the growing demand for flowers for cultural use (Leis) and live plants, flower arrangements by various groups including the hotel industry.</li> <li>To create economic activity for outer island women groups, school leavers who are largely unemployed.</li> </ul>	2011 - 2013	375,000

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
Capacity Building in Aquaculture Management, Marketing and Aquabusiness for Youth Groups of Coastal Communities to Enhance Employment and Food Security in Tonga	FAO	TBC		TBC	TBC
Enhancing opportunities for Tongan Growers	FAO	TBC		TBC	TBC
National Agriculture Census	FAO	Department of Forestry	To provide timely and reliable benchmark for the agriculture statistics and strengthening the on-going agricultural statistical system using appropriate methodologies and the training of staff.	2011 - 2012	221,200
Review and strengthening of consumer protection capacity	FAO	TBC		TBC	TBC
Support for Codex Application	FAO		Capacity building and review and strengthening of consumer protection capacity	TBC	TBC
Improving the Regulatory Framework in the Forestry Sector in Tonga	FAO	Department of Forestry	Policy support	TBC	43,230
Community milkfish farm development in Ha'apai and Nuku'alofa, Tonga	FAO		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. briefly review national fisheries policy, management, development and strategic plan</li> <li>2. briefly review history of milkfish farming in Tonga, including traditional methods</li> <li>3. discuss development of milkfish farming and post-harvest activities with Fisheries Division and stakeholders</li> <li>4. discuss aspirations for milkfish farming with Nomuka Village community (Ha'apai)</li> <li>5. assess status and impact of milkfish farming and resources to date in Nomuka Island lake</li> </ol>	2011	17,846

**AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)**

Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
			6. assess current status of milkfish post-harvest activities and its local market 7. recommend on how planned milkfish farm development, activities and projects should be designed to further improve effectiveness, development impact and sustainability 8. conduct a workshop on milkfish growout and husbandry with Nomuka Village community members 9. recommend appropriate technology packages and preliminary outline designs for milkfish farming in Nomuka Island lake 10. prepare recommendations for necessary actions required for sustainable milkfish farming development in Nomuka Island lake 11. recommend on whether current level of funding allocated for milkfish farming development in Nomuka Island lake is sufficient to further develop sustainable milkfish farming 12. investigate potential natural source of milkfish fry in Tonga'tapu and local capacity to collect fry, and evaluate relative merits of operating a milkfish hatchery 13. if recommended suggest elements for the design of a project to be submitted to establish a working hatchery 14. if appropriate, draft a TCP project proposal on milkfish farming development in Tonga		
Akaho Farmers Group - small scale commercial piggery	FAO	'Akaho Farmers Group	To raise pigs within a fenced environment to produce cleaner, healthier and marketable stock To increase number of pigs and for each member to own a piggery as a long term sustainable investment.	2010 - 2011	10,000

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
Small scale piggery	FAO	Nukulau Piggery Youth Group	To generate income and enhance the self-reliance capacity of the youth members to improve standard of living through promoting piggery production in a closed fenced area	2010 - 2011	9,922
Chicken Production	FAO	Vakataumai Women Development Group	Upgrade local chicken by introducing new breed of chicken of large mature size and faster growth rate to the local chicken producers in Falevai to reduce inbreeding. Provide inputs to increase production of local poultry and eggs for each group members; Improve incomes of group members through sales of local poultry.	2010 - 2011	10,000
Pig Production - Taipilio	FAO	Taipilio Group	To assist the group members to provide inputs to raise pigs for food security as well as income generation	2010 - 2011	9,996
Pig Production - Pupe Group	FAO	Pupe Group	The main objective of the project is to assist the group members to provide inputs to raise pigs for food security as well as income generation.	2010 - 2011	9,960
Small scale commercial piggery - Vaituimate	FAO	Vaituimate Fika 4 Group	To lessen the negative impacts of unemployment; to lessen the negative impact of pigs on the environment; to promote food security; to enhance social integrity and to generate income.	2010 - 2011	9,958

**CLIMATE CHANGE – RESPONSES AND ADAPTATION; DISASTER PREPAREDNESS**

<b>Activity/modality</b>	<b>Funding Agency</b>	<b>Implementing Partner(s)</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Timeline</b>	<b>Budget USD</b>
Tonga Post Tsunami Reconstruction	World Bank	Ministry of Finance	Help finance the costs associated with the rehabilitation and reconstruction of the remote island of Niuaotupapu (NTT) that was affected by the tsunami of September 30, 2009.	2010 - 2013	5,000,000

**IMPROVED BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT, BROADER BASED ECONOMIC GROWTH**

<b>Activity/modality</b>	<b>Funding Agency</b>	<b>Implementing Partner(s)</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Timeline</b>	<b>Budget</b>
Tourism: Tonga Tourism Support Programme(Current)	NZAID	Ministry of Tourism	The Tonga Tourism Support Programme is a 3 year, almost NZ\$5 million programme designed to increase tourism's contribution to economic development through generating employment and income. The overall goal is to increase tourism revenue by 8% per annum. The programme will support to the Ministry of Tourism, including funding for tourism/accommodation standards, product development (heritage and cultural site development and management) research, improving service delivery and marketing; support to local and provincial tourism associations via a Tourism Growth Fund, administered by the Ministry of Finance; and support to Tonga Tourism incorporated, a non-government umbrella group for tourism stakeholders	2010 - ?	5,000,000 NZD

IMPROVED BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT, BROADER BASED ECONOMIC GROWTH					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget
Support to Tonga Tourism (Current)	NZAID	Tonga Tourism Incorporated	To provide core funding to Tonga Tourism Incorporated, a umbrella group for private sector tourism members, to strengthen the relationship between the private sector and Government of Tonga to encourage growth of the tourism sector.	2010 - ?	?
SME Support: Business Opportunity Support Scheme (Closed)	NZAID	?	The Business Opportunity Support Scheme provides grants to help entrepreneurs and investors conduct feasibility studies to quantify business and investment opportunities, including opportunities for joint ventures.	2009 - 2011	?
Tourism: Interim Tourism Support Programme (current)	NZAID	Ministry of Tourism	To scope and design both an interim and longer-term programme of support to the tourism sector in Tonga; incorporating both private and public sectors. This activity included interim core funding and research grants to Tonga Tourism Incorporated (an umbrella group representing non-government members in the tourism sector), as well as marketing, tourism research, product development, and sectoral strategic planning support to the Ministry of Tourism.	2008 - ?	4,000,000 NZD
Small-Medium Enterprise Support: Tonga Business Enterprises (current)	NZAID	Tonga Business Enterprise Centre	To establish a Tonga Business Enterprise Centre (TBEC) within the existing Tonga Chamber of Commerce, to act as a "one stop shop" for business advisory services to Tongan small-medium business. In 2011 the Business Opportunity Support Scheme was incorporated into the services provided by TBEC.	2009 - ?	?

13. TOKELAU

ENVIRONMENT – LAND MANAGEMENT, RESOURCE CONSERVATION/REHABILITATION					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
<u>Tokelau Community-Centered Sustainable Development</u>	UNDP	Office of the Ongoing Government of Tokelau	<p>The CCSDP’s overall objectives are:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. to build gender-sensitive community capacity to sustainably manage environmental and income-generating initiatives that emanate from and through community-led planning processes; and</li> <li>2. to support communities in building an eco-friendly economy that incorporates climate change adaptation and risk-reduction measures.</li> </ol>	2008 - 2012	748,000



14. TUVALU

AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
Development of Community-based Aquaculture System and Management of Inshore Fisheries for Food Security in Tuvalu	FAO	Fisheries Department, Ministry of Natural Resources and Lands	<p>Outcome 1: To develop community lagoon-based aquaculture systems in Tuvalu</p> <p>Output 1.1: Grow-out ponds established in Vaitupu Island in 2012</p> <p>Output 1.2: Community lagoon-based aquaculture systems established in the 8 islands of Tuvalu in 2013</p> <p>Outcome 2: To increase inshore/offshore fish catches in a sustainable manner in Tuvalu.</p> <p>Output 2.1: The construction and deployment of FADs for inshore and offshore areas completed.</p> <p>Outcome 3: Sound management of inshore/offshore fisheries resources in island communities.</p> <p>Output 3.1: Community-based Ecosystem Approach to Fisheries Management Plan (CEAFM) developed and endorsed by the communities and the Government.</p>	2011 - 2013	293,000
Fisheries Institutional Strengthening Project (Current)	NZAID	Department of Fisheries	Funding for an Inception Phase that will assess the Fisheries Department's capability and capacity in planning and managing fisheries resources. Includes a training needs assessment, develop a strategic and human resource development plans.	2011 - ?	

**CLIMATE CHANGE – RESPONSES AND ADAPTATION; DISASTER PREPAREDNESS**

<b>Activity/modality</b>	<b>Funding Agency</b>	<b>Implementing Partner(s)</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Timeline</b>	<b>Total Budget USD</b>
Increasing Resilience of Coastal Areas and Community Settlements to Climate Change  <a href="http://www.gefonline.org/projectDetailsSQL.cfm?projID=3694">http://www.gefonline.org/projectDetailsSQL.cfm?projID=3694</a>	GEF	UNDP/MNRE	To increase the protection of livelihoods in coastal areas in all inhabited islands of Tuvalu from dynamic risks related to climate change and climate variability.	2008	3,000,000
The Project for Eco-technological Management of Tuvalu against Sea Level Rise3	JICA			2009 - 2014	

15. VANUATU

**AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)**

<b>Activity/modality</b>	<b>Funding Agency</b>	<b>Implementing Partner(s)</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Timeline</b>	<b>Budget USD</b>
Silvicultural management of Whitewood Project	ACIAR	Queensland DPI&F, Vanuatu DF, Melcoffee Sawmills, Vanuatu	To Improve cultural and plantation practices for <i>Endospermum medullosum</i> (whitewood) to enhance plantation forestry outcomes.	2007-2011	660,116

**AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)**

Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget USD
Improved silvicultural management of <i>Endospermum medullosum</i> (whitewood) for enhanced plantation forestry outcomes in Vanuatu	ACIAR	Southern Cross University, Australia	This project will develop comprehensive silvicultural prescriptions for community-based plantation forestry with whitewood in Vanuatu. Both monocultures and polycultures will be trialled, with a focus on plantings with and without interspersed agricultural crops (and an emphasis on the important impacts of thinning other species and harvesting root crops to bring in early financial returns).	2007 - 2012	AUD660,116.00
Development and delivery of germplasm for sandalwood and whitewood in Vanuatu and northern Australia	ACIAR	James Cook University, Australia	The underpinning objectives of this project are to advance both the whitewood and sandalwood genetic improvement programs in Vanuatu and to establish the basic elements of a sandalwood genetic improvement program in northern Queensland. The project will involve a range of activities to improve the genetic resources of each species and will comprise the advancement of seed orchard programs, creation of advanced progeny trials, establishment of gene resource populations, and development of demonstration plots to guide current and prospective growers in key regions.	2009 - 2014	AUD1,205,846.00

<b>AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHERIES (including national and household food security)</b>					
<b>Activity/modality</b>	<b>Funding Agency</b>	<b>Implementing Partner(s)</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Timeline</b>	<b>Budget USD</b>
Development of the overarching Primary Sector Policy 2010-2020 - Vanuatu	FAO	Government of Vanuatu (Ministry of the Prime Minister)	Assist government and stakeholders in consultations and the drafting of this overarching primary sector policy	2010 - 2011	71,711
Enhancing capacity in vegetable production	FAO		Strengthening capacity of farmers to improve their knowledge on vegetable production and to increase vegetable production for income generation and food security in Vanuatu.	2012 - 2014	392,298
Community resilience and coping with climate-change and natural disasters in Vanuatu, 2010 - 2012	FAO		To demonstrate enhanced short- and long-term community resilience and coping capacity to at least six categories of adverse effects of climate change and natural disasters, with special attention to women, children and other vulnerable groups, in Vanuatu and to draw lessons learned in applying the human security concept to the rest of Pacific island countries and territories.	2010 - 2013	443,906
Development of a planted forestry legislation for the Government of Vanuatu	FAO	Department of Forestry	Policy Support	TBC	48,600
Vanuatu National Forest Genetics Report Formulation	FAO	Department of Forestry	Policy Support	TBC	42,386
Support to forestry (current)	NZAID	Ministry of Agriculture	To support implementation of Vanuatu's Forest Policy 2010-2020, forestry officers are trained and tree nurseries established.	2008 - ?	?

CLIMATE CHANGE – RESPONSES AND ADAPTATION; DISASTER PREPAREDNESS					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Total Budget USD
Increasing Resilience to Climate Change and Natural Hazards  <a href="http://www.gefonline.org/projectDetailsSQL.cfm?projID=3798">http://www.gefonline.org/projectDetailsSQL.cfm?projID=3798</a>	GEF	IRBD – The World Bank	<a href="http://www.gefonline.org/projectDetailsSQL.cfm?projID=3798">http://www.gefonline.org/projectDetailsSQL.cfm?projID=3798</a>	2008	2,700,000

IMPROVED BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT, BROADER BASED ECONOMIC GROWTH					
Activity/modality	Funding Agency	Implementing Partner(s)	Purpose	Timeline	Budget
Vanuatu Tourism Assistance Programme (Current)	NZAID	Government	Re-development of tourist infrastructure in Port Vila followed by wider strengthening of the sector through training, product development and improved coordination.	2011 - ?	500,000 NZD

---

## APPENDIX 1: LIST OF PEOPLE CONSULTED

---

<b>Name</b>	<b>Organisation</b>
1. Ms. Maeva Betham-Vaai	Asian Development Bank / World Bank – Samoa
2. Ms. Maria Melei	Asian Development Bank
3. Ms. Emily Flowers	Country Manager PNG, ACIAR
4. Mr. Mohammed Umar	Institute for Research, Extension and Training in Agriculture (IRETA), USP
5. Ms. Christine Saaga	Development Programme Coordinator, NZAID
6. Ms. Ramona Sulifoa	NZAID
7. Ms. Theresa Taimalelagi	NZAID
8. Mr. John Stanley	European Union
9. Mr. George Carter	US Embassy Samoa
10. Mr. Zhu Yue-sheng	First Secretary, CEO for Economy & Commerce, Chinese Embassy Samoa
11. Mr. Katsuhiko Sasaki	Resident Representative, JICA
12. Dr. Baoping Yang	Resident Representative, WHO

---

## APPENDIX 2: LIST OF WEBSITE REFERENCES

---

ACIAR:	<a href="http://aciar.gov.au/">http://aciar.gov.au/</a>
ADB:	<a href="http://www.adb.org/">http://www.adb.org/</a>
AUSAid:	<a href="http://www.usaid.gov/au/country/southpacific.ctn">http://www.usaid.gov/au/country/southpacific.ctn</a>
EU/EC:	<a href="http://delfiji.ec.europa.eu">http://delfiji.ec.europa.eu</a>
GEF:	<a href="http://www.gefonline.org/projectListSQL.cfm">http://www.gefonline.org/projectListSQL.cfm</a>
IFAD:	<a href="http://www.ifad.org/operations/projects/regions/country.htm">http://www.ifad.org/operations/projects/regions/country.htm</a>
JICA:	<a href="http://www.jica.go.jp/english/">http://www.jica.go.jp/english/</a>
NZAid:	<a href="http://www.aid.govt.nz/">http://www.aid.govt.nz/</a>
UNDP Samoa MCO:	<a href="http://www.undp.org.ws/">http://www.undp.org.ws/</a>
UNDP Fiji MCO:	<a href="http://www.undp.org.fj/">http://www.undp.org.fj/</a>
USAID:	<a href="http://pacificislands.usaid.gov/country/general_information">http://pacificislands.usaid.gov/country/general_information</a>
World Bank:	<a href="http://web.worldbank.org/">http://web.worldbank.org/</a>