



Food and Agriculture Organization  
of the United Nations

**AGP CP/94**

**FAO SPECIFICATIONS  
FAO PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS**

**GAMMA-HCH SMOKE GENERATORS  
gamma-1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6-hexachlorocyclohexane**

**FOOD AND AGRICULTURE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNITED NATIONS  
Rome, 1980**

## **DISCLAIMER<sup>1</sup>**

FAO specifications are developed with the basic objective of promoting, as far as practicable, the manufacture, distribution and use of pesticides that meet basic quality requirements.

Compliance with the specifications does not constitute an endorsement or warranty of the fitness of a particular pesticide for a particular purpose, including its suitability for the control of any given pest, or its suitability for use in a particular area. Owing to the complexity of the problems involved, the suitability of pesticides for a particular purpose and the content of the labelling instructions must be decided at the national or provincial level.

Furthermore, pesticides which are manufactured to comply with these specifications are not exempted from any safety regulation or other legal or administrative provision applicable to their manufacture, sale, transportation, storage, handling, preparation and/or use.

FAO disclaims any and all liability for any injury, death, loss, damage or other prejudice of any kind that may arise as a result of, or in connection with, the manufacture, sale, transportation, storage, handling, preparation and/or use of pesticides which are found, or are claimed, to have been manufactured to comply with these specifications.

Additionally, FAO wishes to alert users to the fact that improper storage, handling, preparation and/or use of pesticides can result in either a lowering or complete loss of safety and/or efficacy.

FAO is not responsible, and does not accept any liability, for the testing of pesticides for compliance with the specifications, nor for any methods recommended and/or used for testing compliance. As a result, FAO does not in any way warrant or represent that any pesticide claimed to comply with a FAO specification actually does so.

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<sup>1</sup> This disclaimer applies to all specifications published by FAO.

## **INTRODUCTION TO FAO SPECIFICATIONS DEVELOPED UNDER THE OLD PROCEDURE**

Between 1975 and 2000, FAO published booklets of specifications for technical materials and related formulations of plant protection products. Revisions of, and additions to, already published specifications will be issued when necessary. However, all changes and revisions of FAO specifications are now subject to the new procedure described in the *Manual on the development and use of FAO and WHO Specifications for Plant Protection Products*, FAO Plant Production and Protection Paper No. 173, Rome 2002 (*Revised First Edition* available only on the FAO home page of the Internet at: <http://www.fao.org/pest-and-pesticide-management/en/> )

FAO specifications developed under the old procedure are based on the requirements defined in the Fourth Edition of the *Manual on the development and use of FAO specifications for plant protection products*, Plant Production and Protection Paper No. 128, Rome 1995.

This manual contained detailed definitions and other essential background information on basic procedures and technical principles adopted by the group on Pesticide Specifications of the FAO Panel of Experts on Pesticide Specifications, Registration Requirements, Application Standards and Prior Informed Consent, such as:

### 1. Categories of Specifications (Section 3.1 of the Manual)

FAO Tentative Specifications (Code 'S/T', formerly 'TS') are those which have been recommended by FAO as preliminary specifications and which are based on minimum requirements. The methods of analysis cited are normally supplied by the manufacturer or may already have been published or be the subject of collaborative work.

FAO Provisional Specifications [Code 'S/P', formerly ('S')] are those for which more evidence of the necessary parameters is available and where some collaborative study of the methods of analysis has been carried out.

FAO (full) Specifications (Code 'S/F', formerly 'S').

Specifications that have all necessary requirements together with CIPAC (full) methods, or other collaboratively studied (proven) methods.<sup>2,3</sup>

Wherever possible, standards for apparatus and common names for pesticides are those approved by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO).

### 2. Expression of active ingredient content (Section 4.2.5 of the Manual)

- for solids, liquid technical materials, volatile liquids (of maximum boiling point 50°C) and viscous liquids (with minimum kinematic viscosity of  $1 \times 10^3 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$  at 20°C) the FAO Specification shall be based on expression of the content as g/kg;

- for all other liquids the active ingredient content of the product shall be declared in terms of g/kg *or* g/l at 20°C. If the customer requires both g/kg *and* g/l at 20°C, then in case of dispute the analytical results shall be calculated as g/kg.

### 3. Tolerance on content (Section 4.2.7 of the Manual)

A declared content of active ingredient must be included in all specifications, and one of the problems immediately arising is the level of tolerance acceptable about the nominal figure. The tolerance is influenced by (a) the reproducibility of the method of analysis, (b) the sampling error and (c) the manufacturing variance.

Allowable variations in analytical results (i.e. tolerances in content of active ingredient) with respect to specific pesticide consignments are intended to cover reasonable variations in the contents of active ingredients. For examples of such tolerances, see the table in Section 4.2.7 of the Manual.

### 4. Containers/packaging

FAO guidelines are in preparation.

Containers shall comply with pertinent national and international transport and safety regulations.

#### Technical materials, dustable powders and granules

Containers shall be suitable, clean, dry and as specified, and shall not adversely affect, or be affected by, the contents, but shall adequately protect them against external conditions.

#### Wettable powders

The product shall be packed in suitable, clean, dry containers as specified in the order. The container shall provide all necessary protection against compaction, atmospheric moisture, loss by vaporization and/or contamination to ensure that the product suffers no deterioration under normal transit and storage conditions.

The product shall be protected by an adequate moisture barrier. This may be a suitable bag of polyethylene or alternative means of giving equal or better protection.

#### Solutions and emulsifiable concentrates

Containers shall be lined, where necessary, with a suitable material, or the interior surfaces shall be treated to prevent corrosion and/or deterioration of the contents.

Additional information should be given in all specifications where particular pesticides present problems in packaging.

## 5. Biological information

### Phytotoxicity

No test can be specified to cover the possible phytotoxicity of a formulation to all crops. When a crop is not mentioned in the instructions for use, purchasers should check with the supplier that the material is suitable, always provided that such a use is not restricted or legally forbidden.

### Wetting of crops

The dilute spray should satisfactorily wet the leaves of the specified crops when used in accordance with the instructions. Test method MT 53.2, CIPAC F, p.162, may be useful.

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<sup>1</sup> *Should national pesticide specifications developed from these approved FAO specifications deviate from them, the National Authority responsible for making such changes is requested to inform the FAO Plant Protection Service of the nature of, and the reasons for, the modifications.*

<sup>2</sup> *Methods of analysis and miscellaneous techniques referred to in these specifications have been developed and adopted by CIPAC (Collaborative International Pesticides Analytical Council Ltd.). See CIPAC Handbooks 1 (1970), 1A (1980), 1B (1983), 1C (1985), D (1988), E (1993), F (1995), G (1995), CIPAC Proceedings 1980 and 1981, obtainable from Black Bear Press Limited, King's Hedges Road, Cambridge CB4 2PQ, England. The page numbers of specific methods are given in parentheses in the specifications. Copies of methods not yet published can be obtained from the FAO Plant Protection Service.*

<sup>3</sup> *Information on standard waters for laboratory evaluation of pesticidal formulations will be found in CIPAC Monograph 1, Standard Waters and an FAO Survey on Naturally Occurring Waters (1972), Black Bear Press Limited, King's Hedges Road, Cambridge CB4 2PQ, England.*

## **SUBMISSION OF DRAFT SPECIFICATIONS TO FAO**

Any organization, commercial firm or interested individual is encouraged to submit relevant specifications, or proposals for revision of existing specifications, for pesticide products for consideration and possible adoption by FAO. Correspondence should be addressed to the Pesticide Management Group, Plant Production and Protection Division, FAO, Viale delle Terme di Caracalla, 00153 Rome, Italy.

General guidelines on preparing draft specifications are given in the *Manual on the development and use of FAO and WHO Specifications for Plant Protection Products*, FAO Plant Production and Protection Paper No. 173, Rome 2002 (Revised First Edition available only on the FAO home page of the Internet at: <http://www.fao.org/pest-and-pesticide-management/en/> ).

Specifications which are considered suitable for further processing are assigned priorities and circulated to appropriate organizations and specialists to comment. Comments, together with other relevant information, are then reviewed in detail by the Group on Specifications of the FAO Panel of Experts on Pesticide Specifications, Registration Requirements, Application Standards and Prior Informed Consent. The drafts are converted into FAO Provisional Specifications, or full FAO Specifications.

# GAMMA-HCH SMOKE GENERATORS (Note 1)

## Lindane Smoke Generators

FAO Specification Code 4 $\gamma$ /8a/ts/10 (4 $\gamma$ /FU/ts/10)

### .1 DESCRIPTION

The specification refers to products containing gamma-HCH (complying with 4 $\gamma$ /1/S/5; Note 2) as the active ingredient mixed with a smoke-producing composition (Note 3). The gamma-HCH distributed in the air by the smoke produced is the active ingredient for which insecticidal properties are claimed.

### .2 ACTIVE INGREDIENT

#### .2.1 *Identity tests*

Where the identity of the active ingredient is in doubt it shall comply with any two of the following tests:

##### .2.1.1 *Freezing point* (4 $\gamma$ /8a/M/1.6.1) (CIPAC 1C, p. 2135 – CIPAC 1C p. 1977)

The freezing point of the isolated HCH shall not be less than 112°C.

##### .2.1.2 *Infrared spectrum* (-/M/1.6.2)

The spectrum produced from the isolated HCH shall be consistent with that from a  $\gamma$ -HCH standard.

##### .2.1.3 *Hydrolysable chlorine* (-/M/1.6.3)

The extracted HCH, after hydrolysis, shall give a precipitate with silver nitrate solution. The precipitate is insoluble in nitric acid but soluble in ammonia solution.

##### .2.1.4 *GLC* (-/m/1.6.4)

All the HCH extracted from the formulation shall have the same retention time as that of a  $\gamma$ -HCH standard chromatographed under the same conditions.

##### .2.1.5 *TLC* (-/m/1.6.5)

The spot from the isolated HCH shall have the same  $R_f$  value as that from a  $\gamma$ -HCH standard.

#### .2.2 *Gamma-HCH* (-/M/1.5 and 1.7)

The  $\gamma$ -HCH content of a generator shall be declared and when determined, the content obtained shall not differ from that declared by more than  $\pm 5\%$  of the declared content.

### .3 IMPURITIES

#### .3.1 *Acidity or Alkalinity (-/M/1.8)*

Maximum acidity: 0.2% calculated as H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>.

Maximum alkalinity: 0.2% calculated as NaOH

### .4 PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

#### .4.1<sup>2</sup> *Reaction temperature (-/M/1.9)*

The maximum temperature of reaction of the complete mixture in the generator should be declared and when determined, the temperature found should not exceed that declared by more than 20°C. (Note 4)

#### .4.2<sup>2</sup> *Time of reaction (-/m/1.10)*

The time taken for the generator to react to completion at a stated room temperature should be declared and, when determined, the time found should not differ from that declared by more than  $\pm 20\%$  of the declared time.

#### .4.3 *gamma-HCH evolved (-/M/1.11)*

The volume of air for which the generator is recommended shall be declared. The amount of gamma-HCH evolved (minimum: 0.8 g per 100 m<sup>3</sup>) in the smoke from a unit generator shall be declared and, when determined, the amount found shall not differ from that declared by more than  $\pm 20\%$  of the declared amount.

### .5 STABILITY

#### .5.1 *Stability at 54°C (-/m/1.12)*

After storage at  $54 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$  for 14 days, the generator shall continue to comply with .2.2, .4.1, .4.2 and .4.3 (Note 5).

### .6 CONTAINERS

Containers shall be suitable, clean, dry and as specified in the order and shall not affect, or be affected by, the product, but shall not affect, or be affected, by, the product, but shall adequately protect it from external conditions.

They shall comply with pertinent national and international transport and safety regulations.

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<sup>2</sup> For information



## NOTES

- Note 1: A smoke generator consists of a metal, cardboard or plastic container in which is packed smoke producing materials and the active ingredient. An ignition device e.g. a wick is fitted at the top. On ignition the smoke produced distributes the active ingredients. The specification refers to a unit container. Generators should be stored in a cool, dry place.
- Note 2: The specification refers to products based on lindane which is defined as containing not less than 99%  $\gamma$ -HCH.
- Note 3: Excluding smoke tablets. See 4 $\gamma$ /8b/ts/9.
- Note 4: This clause is intended to limit the reaction temperature for both efficacy and safety in use.
- Note 5: Do not use conventional laboratory ovens. Follow the recommendations in the method to minimize risks to the operator.